

# Spill Contingency Plan EREX International Ltd. MV2022C021, MV2022L8-0008, MV2022L8-0009

Project Yellowknife Lithium Project

Location Bighill – Hidden - Tanco Lakes area, NWT

Date of Submission March, 2023

Version # 1.2

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#### **Versions and Revisions**

The Spill Contingency Plan (SCP or the Plan) is a living document that will be reviewed annually, at a minimum, and prior to the start of any site activities, with additional reviews as warranted. Updates should be made to reflect changes in spill contingency planning and practices, and new personnel and associated contact information. Table 1 presents a summary of the versions of this Plan and any revisions made; it is updated each time a revision is made to the Plan. This ensures stakeholders have the most current copy of the Plan.

**Table 1: Version and Revision History** 

Version #	Date	Sections/Pages revised	Summary of Changes/Comments
1.0	Sept. 15, 2022	n/a	First submission
1.1	Feb. 10, 2023	p.4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 14, 15, 16, Appendix D	Contacts, Fuel volumes, spills on snow, ice, & water, SDS added additional project info, maps

**Table 2: Conformity Table** 

Revision	ision   Section   Board Direction		Date
1.1	Section Update to include details about the number of spill kits and where they will be located, and the details of the small spill kits with sorbent pads to be used for transporting fuel (74)		March 2023
1.1	Section 7,	Remove the irrelevant sentence about biological response from Section 7.	March 2023
1.1	Table 7, Page 9	Update the contact information according to the comment by ECCC	March 2023

1.1	Section	Clearly indicate that food and domestic waste, as well as greases,	
	2, page 6	gasoline and glycol-based anti-freeze will be stored in an animal	
		proof containers/containment	
1.1	Table 7,	Add the contact information for Crown Indigenous Relations and	
	Page 9	Northern Affairs Canada (CIRNAC) Resources and Lands –	
		Yellowknife (867) 669-2442 and (867) 445-7935	

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

EREX International Ltd. ("EREX" or the "Company") has developed this *Spill Contingency Plan* (the "Plan") for its Yellowknife Lithium Project (the "Project"). The Plan is effective from the date of issuance of the Land Use Permit that EREX has for its Project. The *Spill Contingency Plan* has been prepared for internal Company use and distributed to the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board for approval as part of EREX's Land Use Permit application. Copies and updates of this Plan can be obtained by contacting:

Carl Verley Francis MacDonald Vice-President, EREX CEO & Director, EREX Phone: 604-616-8299 778-322-8705

Email: carl@li-ft.com Francis@li-ft.com

The purpose of EREX's *Spill Contingency Plan* is to provide a plan of action for any spill event during the Company's exploration programs on its leases in the project area situated in the Northwest Territories, as well as on Federal land where its main campsite is proposed to be located. The Plan provides protocols for responding to spills (or potential spills) that will minimize health and safety hazards, environmental damage, and clean-up costs, as well as defining responsibilities of response personnel. The Plan includes details for the sites that operations will be conducted upon, and describes the response organization, action plans, reporting procedures and training exercises in place.

#### 1.1 Recipients

Table 3 identifies who the most recent version of the Plan has been distributed to:

Name **Position** Yellowknives Dene First Nation Ryan Miller, Johanna Black, Adrian Boyd, Kieron Testart (YKDFN) **Settlement Administrative Officer** Lutselke First Nation (LKFN) Minnie Whimp Deninu Kue First Nation (DKFN) Brett Wheler, Violet Camsell-Tlicho Government Blondin. Jessica Pacunayen, Longinus Ekwe, Grace MacKenzie Jessica Hurtubise, Noah Johnson North Slave Metis Alliance Jessica Poole Akaitcho Screening Board Tim Morton **CIRNAC** Clint Ambrose **GNWT** 

Table 3: Recipients of this Version of the Spill Contingency Plan

#### 2. PROJECT INFORMATION

The leases making up EREX's Project are situated in Akaitcho Territory and bounded by latitudes: 62.179129° North to 62.854255° North, and longitudes: 112.135661° West to 114.186622° West. The main campsite is tentatively located at the following coordinates: 62.570713° North and 113.501765° West. The campsite is situated on the abandoned Hidden Lake gold mine, land that has been reclaimed

by the Contaminants and Remediation Directorate of CIRNAC Crown Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada) The land is still under control of CIRNAC; EREX has an access agreement with CIRNAC to set up a campsite on that land. Capacity for the camp will be to a maximum of 49 people with the average being around 46 for most of the drilling program. Project location maps are found in Appendix A. Table 3 presents a tentative list of structures to be erected at the campsite.

Item, Purpose Dimensions (m) Area (m2) Quantity Tent, Sleepers 18 4.3 x 4.9 379.26 Tent, First Aid 21.07 1 4.3 x 4.9 Tent, Kitchen 2 4.3 x 9.8 84.28 Tent, Men's Dry 1 4.3 x 9.8 42.14 Tent, Women's Dry 2 4.3 x 6.1 52.46 Tent, Offices 2 4.3 x 4.9 42.14 Tent, Core logging 3 4.3 x 9.8 126.42 3 63.21 Tent, Core cutting 4.3 x 4.9 Tent, Toilets 3 4.3 x 4.9 63.21 3 3.7 x 4.9 54.39 Generator, Shed

**Table 4. Camp Accommodations** 

Diesel and jet (helicopter) fuel will be stored on Federal land near the campsite in bulk fuel systems with a capacity of up to 75,000 litres, consisting of double-walled steel tanks. Double-walled steel tanks will be placed in earthen berms that act as third-order containment (since double wall is two orders) and to protect the tank from vehicles, in accordance with industry best-practise (PDAC, 2009). Storage Tank Permits will be obtained prior to be deployed and used at the Project for all tanks with capacity >4,000 litres, as required by the *Storage Tank Systems for Petroleum Products and Allied Petroleum Products Regulations* (Canada, 2008).

Fuel will be transferred from the bulk systems into smaller containers (e.g. 205 litre steel drums or tidy tanks) for local transport to drill sites, the generator shack or the helicopter pad, or directly into vehicles. Drums will be stored horizontally with their caps in the "3 and 9 o'clock" positions to minimize bung pressure and potential leakage.

All caches, including bulk fuel systems, fill lines and distribution lines will be marked with flags, posts, or similar devices to maximize their visibility.

Fuel will be dispensed using purpose-built manual or electric pumps. Liquid-tight containers or sumps will be placed below each tap, valve and nozzle used to dispense fuel. Spill kits, absorbent matting and copies of the Spill Contingency Plan will be present at all bulk fuel, small cache, and refuelling sites.

A limited amount of fuel in 205 litre drums will also be brought in and stored beside the main fuel cache, which will be situated on Federal land by the campsite and by the Thompson-Lundmark winter road, in a secondary containment area. Greases, gasoline, and glycol-based antifreeze will be stored either in animal proof containers or in animal proof structures at the main camp. The amount and variety of fuels that can

be on site at any one time are listed in Table 5. It is anticipated that over the term of the permit fuel will be required for drilling and camp support at the Echo lease (formerly known as THOR) as well as the BIG lease, also as listed in Table 5.

Table 5. Fuel Types to be used in the Project

Type of Fuel	Number of containers	Capacity of containers (e.g., litres, pounds)	Type of container (e.g., barrel, tank, tidy-tank)	Proposed storage or staging location(s)
Hidden Lake Camp	– Federal Land	I		
Diesel	3	25,000 ltr	Tanks	Federal Land
Diesel:	60	205 ltr	Barrel	Federal Land
Gasoline:	10	205 ltr	Barrel	Federal Land
Aviation Fuel:	60	205 ltr	Barrel	Federal Land
Propane:	40	45 kg	100# cylinders	Federal Land, Camp
Other: various lubricants, including drilling fluids	100	1 ltr to 22 ltr	Tubes, cans, and pails	Federal Land, Camp
BIG Lease (NT-3197	<b>'</b> )			
Diesel	75	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Aviation Fuel	25	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Gasoline	2	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Propane	5	45 kg	100# cylinders	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Other: various lubricants, including drilling fluids	100	1 ltr to 22 ltr	Tubes, cans, and pails	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Echo Lease (NT-3192)(formerly known as THOR)				
Diesel	50	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Aviation Fuel	50	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease

Table 4. continued

Type of Fuel	Number of containers	Capacity of containers (e.g., litres, pounds)	Type of container (e.g., barrel, tank, tidy-tank)	Proposed storage or staging location(s)
ECHO Lease (NT-31	.92)			
Gasoline	2	205 ltr	Barrel	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Propane	5	45 kg	100# cylinders	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease
Other: various lubricants, including drilling fluids	100	1 ltr to 22 ltr	Tubes, cans, and pails	Territorial Land, Camp site on lease

#### 3. SPILL RESPONSE

The Camp Attendant will be responsible for checking fuel drum conditions and evidence of leakage on a daily basis, assuring drip trays are in place and not overflowing, keeping spill kits and absorbent mats in good repair and accessible. If a spill or the likelihood of a spill occurs, the Attendant will immediately report to the Project Manager. Drillers and other operators of machinery are to report spills or potential spills to the Project Manager.

In the event of a spill, the Project Manager will follow the Reporting Procedure and initiate cleanup. The Project Manager will request additional aid from external sources if deemed necessary.

If one or more of these key personnel are absent from the site, an alternative person will be named as either Camp Attendant or Project Manager in the interim. Names of key personnel to be responsible for activating the Spill Contingency Plan will be made available once crew members have been hired.

#### 4. SPILL REPORTING PROCEDURE

Spill reporting procedures are listed in Table 6. Additional information and contacts for reporting spills are found in Table 6. Communication in the way of two-way radios will be set-up, such that in the event a spill occurs outside of camp (e.g., at a drill site), it can be immediately reported to the Project Manager. Spill kits located at drill sites, fuel caches, at the helicopter landing pad, and the camp office and will have contact information for the NWT Spill Report Line prominently displayed. A listing of the NWT 24-Hour Spill Report Line as well as other government contacts and company officials will be displayed adjacent to the satellite phone in camp. A guide to reportable spill volumes is found in Appendix B.

Table 6. Spill reporting procedure.

Step	Procedure		
1	Fill out "SPILL REPORT" form as completely as possible before making the report. The form is in Appendix C.		
2	CALL: Yellowknife using the 24-hour Spill Report Line: (867) 920-8130, or CALL: RCMP (867) 669-1111 if other means are not available.		
	Calls can be made collect by informing the Operator that you wish to report a spill.		

Table 7. Additional information or assistance regarding spills.

Contact	Phone Number	
Regulatory Bodies		
Government of Northwest Territories	(867) 767-9188	
Department of Lands – North Slave Region, Yellowknife	(867) 446-0769	
Crown Indigenous Relations and Northern Affairs Canada	(867) 669-2442 or	
(CIRNAC) Lands and Resources - Yellowknife	(867)445-7935	
ECCC Environmental Enforcement	(867) 669-4730	
National Environmental Emergencies Center (NEEC) Toll-Free	(866) 283-2333	
RCMP Detachment, Yellowknife	(867) 669-1111	
Contractors		
Discovery Mining Services, Yellowknife	(867) 920-4600	
Equity Exploration Consultants Ltd	(604) 688-9806	
Company		
EREX International Ltd – Carl Verley	(604) 616-8299	
Equity Exploration Consultants Ltd – Chris Hughes	(604) 688-9806	

# 5. INITIAL ACTION

The procedures for any individual to follow when a spill is detected are listed in Table 8 on the following page.

Table 8. Initial action procedure.

Step	Action
1	Stay alert and consider safety first.
2	Identify: a. The source of leak or spill b. The type of product
3	Assess the hazards to persons in the vicinity of the spill.
4	Isolate or remove any potential ignition source.
5	If possible, control danger to human life.
6	Assess whether the spill can be readily stopped or brought under control.
7	If safe and if possible, try to stop the flow.
8	Report the spill to the Project Manager, who will follow the <i>Spill Reporting Procedure</i> .
9	When safe, begin clean-up.

## 6. ACTION PLANS

The following responses are recommended for fuel spills in differing environments. Depending on the location and size of the exploration program, some of the equipment mentioned in the responses listed below will obviously not be located on site; however, they could be transported to the spill if deemed necessary. The most likely sources of fuel spills in this type of exploration program include:

- (a) leaking drums and/or tanks,
- (b) hydraulic-line malfunction, and
- (c) re-fueling operations.

# **Spills on Land**

For spills on land (gravel, rock, soil, and vegetated surface areas) follow the procedures listed below.

Table 9. Procedure for land spills.

Step	Action Item
1	Trench or ditch to intercept or contain flow of fuel or petroleum products on land where feasible (loose sand, gravel and surface layers of organic materials are amenable to ditching/trenching; ditching/trenching in rocky substrates is typically impractical and impossible).
2	Construct a soil berm downslope of the spill. Use of synthetic, impervious sheeting can also be used to act as a barrier.
3	Where available, recover spills through manual or mechanical means including shovels, heavy equipment, and pumps.
4	Absorb petroleum residue with synthetic sorbent pad materials.
5	Recover spilled and contaminated material, including soil and vegetation.
6	Transport contaminated material to approved disposal or recovery site. Equipment used will depend on the magnitude and location of the spill. Note that land-based disposal is only authorized with the approval of government authorities.

# **Spills on Snow**

For spills on snow follow the procedures listed below in Table 9.

Table 10. Procedures for spills on snow.

Step	Action Item
	Trench or ditch to intercept or contain flow of fuel or petroleum products on snow,
1	where feasible (ice, snow, loose sand, gravel and surface layers of organic materials
_	as amenable to trenching/ditching; trenching in solid, frozen ground or rocky
	substrates is typically impractical and impossible).
2	Compact snow around the outside perimeter of the spill area.
3	Construct a dike or dam out of snow, either manually with shovels or with heavy
3	equipment such a graders and dozers where available
4	If feasible, use synthetic liners to provide an impervious barrier at the spill site.
5	Locate the low point of the spill area and clear channels in the snow, directed away
5	from waterways, to allow non-absorbed material to flow into the low point.
	Once collected in the low area, options include shoveling spilled material into
6	containers, picking up with mobile heavy-equipment, pumping liquid into tanker
	trucks or using vacuum truck to pick up material.
7	Transport contaminated material to approved disposal site. Equipment used will
,	depend on the magnitude and location of the spill.

# Spills on Ice

For spills on ice follow the procedures listed below, Table 10.

Table 11. Procedures of Spills on Ice

Step	Action Item
1	Contain material spilled using methods described above for snow, if feasible and/or use
	mechanical recovery with heavy equipment.
2	Prevent fuel/petroleum products from penetrating ice and entering watercourses.
	Remove contaminated material, including snow/ice as soon as possible.
	Containment of fuel/petroleum products under ice surface is difficult given the ice
3	thickness and winter conditions. However, if the materials get under ice, determine area
	where the fuel/petroleum product is located
4	Drill holes through ice using ice-auger to locate fuel/petroleum product.
	Once detected, cut slots in the ice using chain-saws and remove ice blocks.
_	Fuel/petroleum products collected in ice slots or holes can be picked up via suction hoses
3	connected to portable pump, vacuum truck or standby tanker. Care should be taken to
	prevent the end of the suction hose clogging up by snow, ice or debris.

#### **Spills on Water**

For spills on water follow the procedures listed in Table 11, below

Table 12. Procedure for spills on water.

Step	Item
1	Contain spills on open water immediately to restrict the size and extent of the spill
2	Fuel/petroleum products which float on water may be contained through the use of
	booms, absorbent materials, skimming and the erection of culverts
2	Deploy containment booms to minimize spill area, although effectiveness of booms may
3	be limited by wind, waves and other factors.
4	Use sorbent booms to slowly encircle and absorb spilled material. These absorbents are
4	hydrophobic (repel water).
_	Once booms are secured, use skimmers to draw in hydrocarbons and minimal amounts
5	of water. Skimmed material can be pumped through hoses to empty fuel tanks/drums
6	Culverts permit water flow while capturing and collecting fuel along the surface with
6	absorbent materials.

#### 7. SAFETY DATA SHEETS

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) for all hazardous materials involved in this project are listed in Appendix D. The MSDS sheets are for diesel, propane, Jet A, Jet B, gasoline, engine oils, as well as down hole drilling muds and chemicals.

#### 8. RESOURCE INVENTORY – SPILL KITS

Spill kits containing the items tabulated below (Table 12) will be made available on-site to ensure the action plans may be executed in the event of a spill. Spill kits must be restocked as soon as possible after use. A total of 12 spill kits will be distributed through the project area as follows: one at each drill (7), 1 at the bulk fuel storage site, 1 at the company office, Hidden Lake camp, one in each of the generator sheds (3), and one in the kitchen mess facility. In addition, small spill kits with sorbent pads will be in each vehicle that is used for transporting fuel from the bulk storage facility to the main camp, or drill sites on the Fi, Ki, and Hi leases, or to drill sites on the BIG and NITE leases. These vehicles will also carry a shovel, garbage/disposal bags, a field notebook and pencil, as part of their small spill kit.

**Table 13. Spill Kit Contents** 

Items	Quantity and Notes
Chemical master gloves	1 box
Garbage/disposal bags	10, large
Oil-only mats	25 (16"x20")
Sorbent pads	10
Booms for oil on water	6
Impervious sheeting (tarps)	2
Duct tape	1 roll
Utility knife	1
Field notebook and pencil	1

Table 12. continued

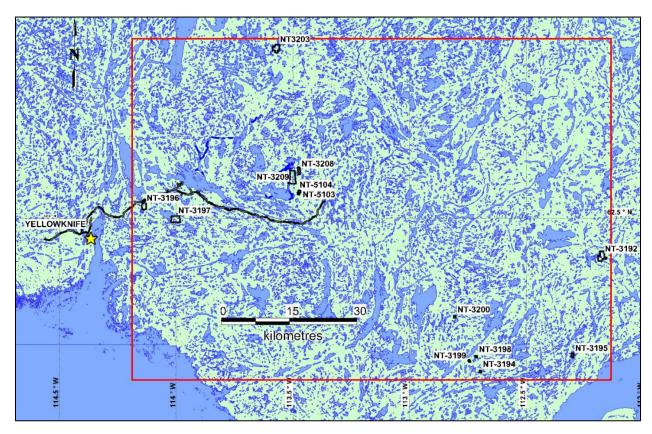
Items	Quantity and Notes
Rake	1
Pick axe	1
Shovel	3
Instruction binder	1
buckets	3
Empty drum	1

Additional resources may be obtained from EBA Engineering Consultants (867-873-2287) or Discovery Mining Services (867-920-4600), including larger pumps, Bobcats, and excavators.

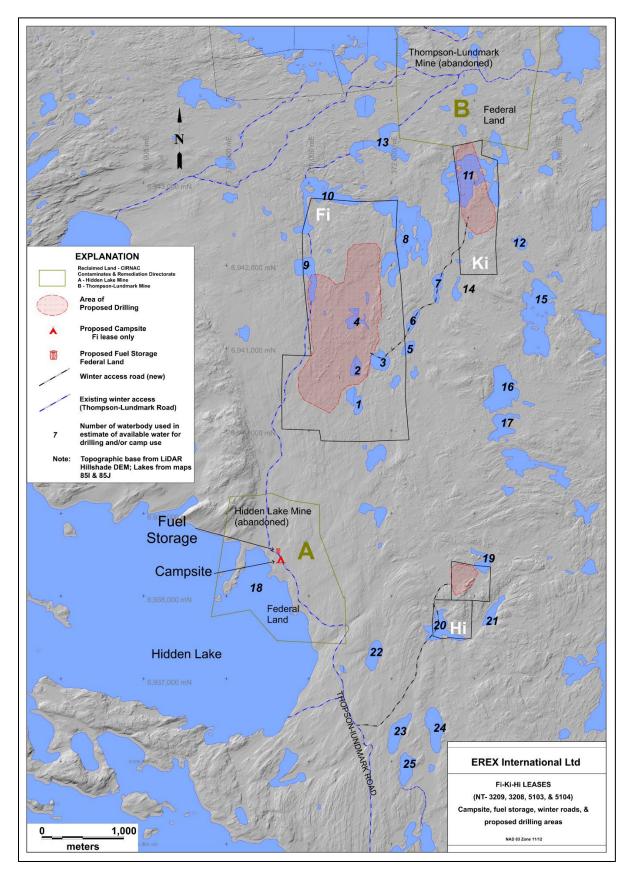
## 9. TRAINING EXERCISES

All personnel on site must be briefed and given a copy of the *Spill Contingency Plan* before field operations begin. Training consisting of mock spill-response exercises must be conducted early in the program to ensure that personnel are familiar with spill response equipment, and procedures and methods for using the equipment in spill events; in addition to fully understanding communication and reporting requirements for spill events.

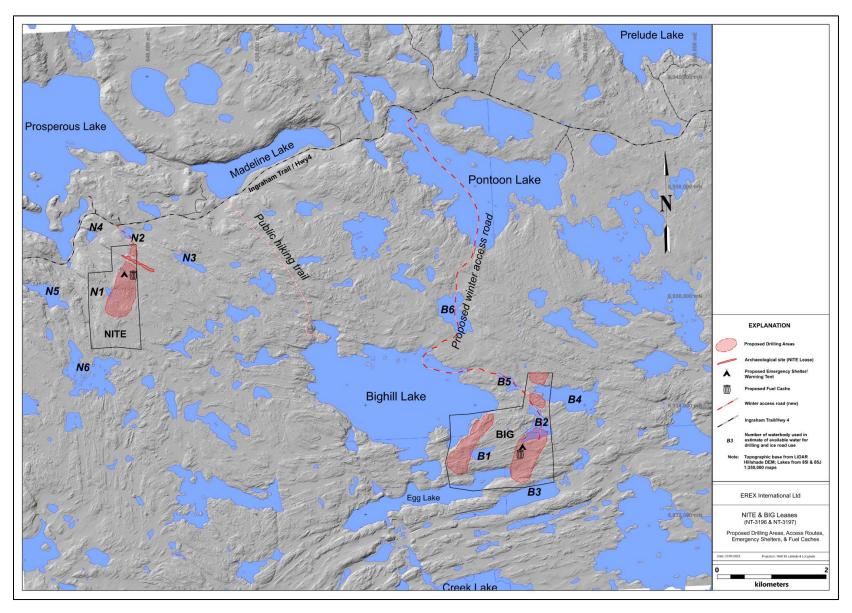
# Appendix A – Site Maps



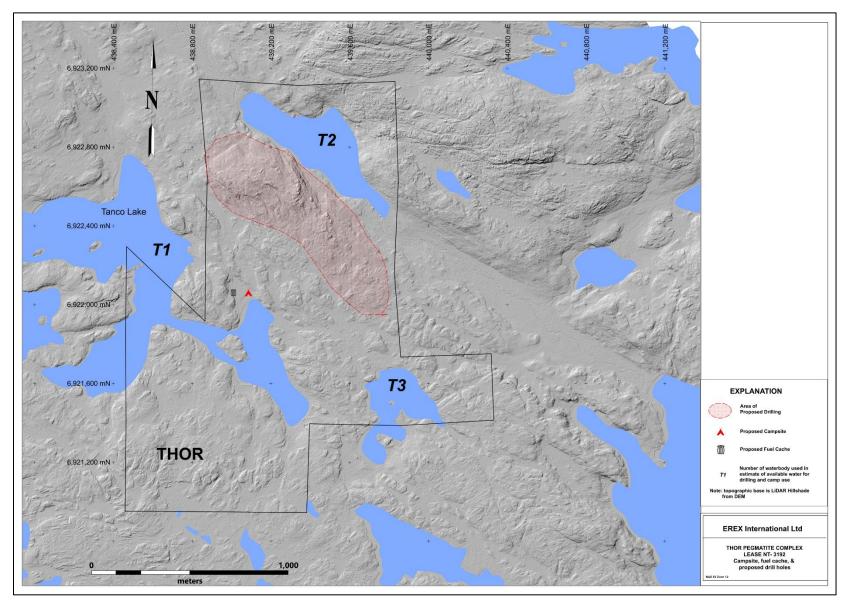
Map 1. Regional location of EREX's leases.



Map 2. Property Location detail: Fi-Hi-Ki leases.



Map 3. Property Location detail: NITE and BIG leases



Map 4. Property Location detail: THOR lease

# **Appendix B: Reportable Quantities for NWT Spills**

Note: L = litre; kg = kilogram; PCB = Polychlorinated Biphenyls; ppm = parts per million

Substance	Reportable Quantity
Explosives	
Compressed gas (toxic/corrosive)	
Infectious substances	Any amount
Sewage and Wastewater (unless otherwise authorized)	7 Arry difficult
Radioactive materials	
Unknown substance	
Compressed gas (Flammable)	Any amount of gas from
Compressed gas (Non-corrosive, non-flammable)	containers with a capacity greater than 100L
Flammable liquid	≥100 L
Flammable solid	2100 2
Substances liable to spontaneous combustion	≥ 25 kg
Water reactant substances	2 2 3 kg
Oxidizing substances	≥ 50 L or 50 kg
Organic peroxides	
Environmentally hazardous substances intended for disposal	≥1 L or 1 kg
Toxic substances	≥5 L or 5 kg
Corrosive substances	N.F.I. an F.I.o.
Miscellaneous products, substances or organisms	≥ 5 L or 5 kg
PCB mixtures of 5 or more ppm	≥ 0.5 L or 0.5 kg
Other contaminantsfor example, crude oil, drilling fluid, produced	
water,	>100 L or 100 kg
Waste or spent chemicals, used or waste oil, vehicle fluids,	≥ 100 L or 100 kg
wastewater.	
Sour natural gas (i.e., contains H2S)	Uncontrolled release or
Sweet natural gas	sustained flow of 10 minutes
	or more
Flammable liquid	≥ 20 L
	When released on a frozen water body that is being used
Vehicle fluid	as a working surface
Deposite divelegación de la constantial de la co	
Reported releases or potential releases of any size that:	
<ol> <li>are near or in an open water body;</li> <li>are near or in a designated sensitive environment or habitat;</li> </ol>	Any amount
3. Pose an imminent threat to human health or safety; or	
4. Pose an imminent threat to a listed species at risk or its critical	
habitat	

**Appendix C: NWT Spill Report Form** 







# **NT-NU SPILL REPORT**

OIL, GASOLINE, CHEMICALS AND OTHER HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

NT-NU 24-HOUR SPILL REPORT LINE

TEL: (867) 920-8130 FAX: (867) 873-6924 EMAIL: spills@gov.nt.ca

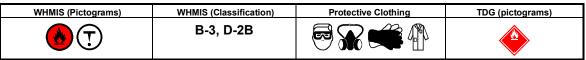
## REPORT LINE USE ONLY

Α				REPC			□ (	□ ORIGINAL SPILL REPORT, DR		REPORT NUMBER	
В	OCCURRENCE DATE: MONTH	DATE: MONTH – DAY – YEAR		occu				JPDATE # THE ORIGINAL SPILL	REPORT	<del>-</del>	
С	LAND USE PERMIT NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)					WATER LICENCE NUMBER (IF APPLICABLE)					
D	GEOGRAPHIC PLACE NAME OR DISTANCE AND DIRECTION FROM NAMED LOCATION					ON	REGION  NWT NUNAV	UT	☐ ADJACENT JURI:	SDICTION	OR OCEAN
Е	LATITUDE					LOI	NGITUDE				
_	DEGREES		UTES	SECONDS		DEGREES MINUTES SECONDS					CONDS
F	RESPONSIBLE PARTY OR VESSEL NAME RESPONSIBLE PARTY ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION										
G				CONTRACTOR	TOR ADDRESS OR OFFICE LOCATION						
	PRODUCT SPILLED			QUANTITY IN LI	TRES,	KILOGF	RAMS OR CUBIC METR	ES	U.N. NUMBER		
H	SECOND PRODUCT SPILLED	(IF AF	PPLICABLE)	QUANTITY IN LI	TRES,	KILOGF	RAMS OR CUBIC METR	ES	U.N. NUMBER		
I	SPILL SOURCE SPILL CA			SPILL CAUSE					AREA OF CONTAMIN	NATION IN	SQUARE METRES
J				DESCRIBE ANY	Y ASSISTANCE REQUIRED HAZARDS TO PERSONS, PROPERTY OR ENVIRONME					PERTY OR ENVIRONMENT	
K											
L	REPORTED TO SPILL LINE BY	Y	POSITION	EMPLOYER			LO	LOCATION CALLING FROM		ELEPHONE	
M	ANY ALTERNATE CONTACT		POSITION		EMPL			LTERNATE TELEPHONE			
	REPORT LINE USE ONLY										
N I	RECEIVED AT SPILL LINE BY	,	POSITION		EMPL	OYER		LO	CATION CALLED	R	EPORT LINE NUMBER
N	STATION OPERATOR						YE	YELLOWKNIFE, NT (867) 920-8130		867) 920-8130	
LEAD	EAD AGENCY □ EC □ CCG □ GNWT □ GN □ ILA □ INAC □ NEB		□ NEB □ TC	SIGNIFICANCE □ MINOR □ MAJOF		OR □ UNKNOWN FILE STATUS □ OPEN □ CLOSE		IS □ OPEN □ CLOSED			
AGE	GENCY CONTACT NAME		TACT NAME	CC		CONTACT TIME		REMARKS			
LEAD	) AGENCY										
FIRS	T SUPPORT AGENCY										
SEC	OND SUPPORT AGENCY										
THIR	D SUPPORT AGENCY										

**Appendix D: – Safety Data Sheets (SDS)** 

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**





Product Name	DIESEL FUEL	Code	W104 SAP: 120, 121, 122, 287	
Synonym	Diesel 50, Diesel 50 LS, #1 Diesel , #1 Diesel LS, Diesel LC, Seasonal Diesel,	Validated o	n 3/2/2001.	
	Seasonal Diesel LS, Diesel AA, Domestic Marine Diesel, International marine Diesel, Seasonal Diesel Locomotive, Domestic Marine diesel LS, diesel -20°C (LS), LSD, Low Sulphur Diesel, dyed diesel, marked diesel, coloured diesel, Naval Distillate.			
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada: 403-296-3000 Canutec Transportation: 613-996-6666 Poison Control Centre: Consult	
Material Uses	Diesel fuels are distillate fuels suitable for use in high and medium speed internal combustion engines of the compression ignition type.		local telephone directory for emergency number(s).	

	Ехр	Exposure Limits (ACGIH)			
Name	CAS#	% (V/V)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
1) Diesel oil. 2) Proprietary additives. 3) Aromatic content is 50% maximum ( benzene: nil). 4) * Notice of Intended Change (2000): 100 mg/m³, skin, A3.	68334-30-5 Not available	>99.9 <0.1	Not established* Not established	Not established Not established	Not established Not established
Manufacturer Not applicable Recommendation					

Section 3. Hazards Identification.				
Potential Health Effects	Eye contact may cause mild eye irritation. Skin contact can cause moderate to severe irritation and produce drying, cracking, or defatting dermatitis. Inhalation of vapours can cause CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconciousness and possibly death. Inhalation can also cause irritation of nose and throat. Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. For more information, refer to Section 11.			

Section 4. First Aid Measures				
Eye Contact	IMMEDIATELY flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek medical attention.			
Skin Contact	Remove contaminated clothing - launder before reuse. Wash gently and thoroughly the contaminated skin with running water and non-abrasive soap. Seek medical attention.			
Inhalation	Evacuate the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. If the victim is not breathing, perform artificial respiration. Allow the victim to rest in a well ventilated area. Seek medical attention.			
Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting because of danger of aspirating liquid into lungs. Seek medical attention.			
Note to Physician	Not available			

Section 5. Fire-fig	Section 5. Fire-fighting Measures				
Flammability	Class II - combustible liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 0.7%, UPPER: 6%		
Flash Points	Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >40°C (>104°F) Marine Diesel Fuel: Closed Cup: >60°C (>140°F)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	225°C (437°F)		
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Containers may explode in heat of fire. Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Vapour explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.		
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of incompl		, sulphur compounds (H2S), water vapour (H2O),		
Continued on Next Page		Available i	in French		

DIESEL FUEL	Page Number: 2
Fire Fighting Media and	NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a moderate flash point above 40°C: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.
Instructions	If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.
	SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
	Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self contained herathing anareaty (SCRA). Structural fireficients or protective details will only provide limited protection.

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures				
Material Release or Spill	NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable Liquids (Non-polar/ Water-immiscible). ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. Avoid contact. Stop leak if without risk. Contain spill. Absorb with inert absorbents, dry clay, or diatomaceous earth. Avoid inhaling dust of diatomaceous earth for it may contain silica in very fine particle size, making this a potential respiratory hazard. Place used absorbent in closed metal containers for later disposal or burn absorbent in a suitable combustion chamber. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER. Check with applicable jurisdiction for specific disposal requirements of spilled material and empty containers. Notify the appropriate authorities immediately.			

Section 7. Handling and Storage				
Handling	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Empty containers pose a fire risk. DO NOT reuse empty containers without commercial cleaning or reconditioning. Ground/bond line and equipment during pumping or transfer to avoid accumulation of static charge. DO NOT ingest. Do not breathe gas/vapour/spray. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Practice good personal hygiene. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Launder work clothes frequently. Discard saturated leather goods.			
Storage	Store in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, isolated, well-ventilated area, and away from incompatibles. Ground all equipment containing material.			

Section 8. Exposu	Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection				
Engineering Controls	For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.				
	The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.  Eye protection (i.e., safety glasses, safety goggles and/or face shield) should be determined based on conditions of use. If product is used in an application where splashing may occur, the use of safety goggles and/or a face shield should be considered.				
Body	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent skin contact. As a minimum long sleeves and trousers should be worn.				
Respiratory	Where concentrations in air may exceed the occupational exposure limits given in Section 2 (and those applicable to your area) and where engineering, work practices or other means of exposure reduction are not adequate, NIOSH approved respirators may be necessary to prevent overexposure by inhalation.				
Hands	Wear appropriate chemically protective gloves. When handling hot product ensure gloves are heat resistant and insulated.				
Feet	Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.				

Physical State and Appearance	Bright oily liquid.	Viscosity	1.3-4.1 cSt @ 40°C (104°F)
Colour	Clear to yellow / brown. Low sulphur diesel fuels (<0.05 wt % sulphur) are colourless to light yellow (and may be dyed red for taxation purposes). Regular sulphur diesel fuels (0.05-0.50 % sulphur) may be colourless to yellow / brown and are usually dyed red for taxation purposes.	Pour Point	Variable, 0°C to -50°C (32°F to -58°F)
Odour	Petroleum oil like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.
Odour Threshold	Not available	Dropping Point	Not applicable.
Boiling Point	150-371°C (302-700°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.
Density	0.85 kg/L @ 15°C (Water = 1).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available
Vapour Density	4.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not applicable.

DIESEL FUEL			Page Number: 3
Vapour Pressure	1.0 kPa @ 20°C (7.5 mmHg @ 68°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available
Volatility <0.1 (Butyl acetate = 1), less than gasoline.		Solubility	Insoluble in cold water, soluble in non-polar hydrocarbon solvents.

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity					
Corrosivity Not available					
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.		
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Reactive with oxidizing agents and acids.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, H2S, H2O, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.		

Section 11. Toxicological Inf	ormation
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation, and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 7500 mg/kg (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effects Dermal Route:	Skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation. Repeated exposure would produce drying and cracking or defatting dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Inhalation of vapours can cause CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconciousness and possibly death. Inhalation can also cause irritation of nose and throat.
Oral Route:	Aspiration of liquid drops into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure.
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Eye contact may cause mild irritation, but no permanent damage.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a skin sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	This product is not expected to be a respiratory tract sensitizer, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	This product is not expected to be a mutagen, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not expected to be a reproductive hazard, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product is not expected to be a teratogen or an embryotoxin, based on the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH Notice of Intended Changed (2000): proposed A3: animal carcinogen. [Diesel oil]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as group 1, 2A or 2B carcinogens by IARC.
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by NTP.
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	Not available
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	This product is not known to contain any chemicals at reportable quantities that are listed as carcinogens by OSHA.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Section 12. Ecological Information				
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Not available Bioaccumulation Potential		
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Not available Biodegradation		
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.			

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#### Section 13. Disposal Considerations

**Waste Disposal** 

Preferred waste management priorities are: (1) recycle or reprocess; (2) incineration with energy recovery; (3) disposal at licensed waste disposal facility. Ensure that disposal or reprocessing is in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations. Consult your local or regional authorities.

Section 14. Transport Information				
TDG Classification	Diesel Fuel UN1202 3 III	Special Provisions for Transport	Not applicable.	

Section 15. Regulatory Information						
Other Regulations	This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are liste CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List).					
	All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory.					
	All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS).					
	This product has been classified in accordance MSDS contains all of the information required b		of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the			
	Please contact Product Safety for more informa	tion.				
DSD/DPD (Europe)	Not evaluated.	HCS (U.S.A.)	CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects. CLASS: Combustible liquid having a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).			
ADR (Europe) (Pictograms)	NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE	DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms)	<b>&amp;</b>			
	TRANSPORT EUROPÉEN.	ļ	Rating 0 Insignificant			
HMIS (U.S.A.)	Health Hazard 2* NFPA (U.S	, Z Fire	Rating         0         Insignificant           Hazard         1         Slight           Reactivity         2         Moderate			
	Reactivity 0 Personal Protection	Sp	secific hazard 3 High 4 Extreme			

#### Section 16. Other Information Available upon request. References \* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark Glossary ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials ( LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association CAS - Chemical Abstract Services CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act CFR - Code of Federal Regulations NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) NTP - National Toxicology Program CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply List COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit CPR - Controlled Products Regulations DOT - Department of Transport RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations Directives (Europe) SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration DSL - Domestic Substance List EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act FDA - Food and Drug Administration FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act TI m - Median Tolerance I imit TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency HCS - Hazardous Communication System USP - United States Pharmacopoeia HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Prepared by Product Safety - TAR on 3/2/2001. For Copy of MSDS Fuels & Solvents: Data entry by Product Safety - JDW. Western Canada, telephone: 403-296-4158; fax: 403-296-6551 Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228 Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385

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For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752

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To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40



#### 000003000320

Version 4.5 Revision Date 2021/07/29 Print Date 2021/07/29

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40

Product code : DUHP14CBE, DUHP14C20, DUHP14BOX, DUHP14P5R,

DUHP14DRR, DUHP14ICT, DUHP14C12, DUHP14C16, DUHP14P20, DUHP14IBC, DUHP14DCT, DUHP14DRM,

DUHP14, DUHP14BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga ON L5J 1K2

Canada

Telephone: 1-905-403-6785

#### **Emergency telephone number**

Emergency telephone num-

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300;

bei

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for

emergency number(s).

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : DURON UHP 10W-40 is a superior quality heavy duty, low

ash diesel engine oil specifically designed to meet or exceed API CK-4 performance requirements. It is capable of delivering extended drain performance (in combinations with an effective used oil analysis program). Applications include modern low emission diesel engines with cooled exhaust gas re-

circulation and exhaust after treatment technology.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### **GHS** label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

#### Other hazards

None known.

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than

or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or con-

firmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name CAS-No. Concentration (% w/w	)
--	---

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-86-0	40 - 60
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-87-1	30 - 50
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	20 - 40
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	20 - 30
reaction mass of isomers of: C7-9- alkyl 3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4- hydroxyphenyl)propionate	125643-61-0	1 - 5
bis(nonylphenyl)amine	36878-20-3	1 - 5
Zinc alkyldithiophosphate	113706-15-3	1 - 5
Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-65-0	1 - 5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: First aider needs to protect himself.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

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# DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40



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Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No information available.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), phosphorus oxides (POx), sulphur compounds (H2S), zinc oxides (ZnOx), metal oxides, hydrocarbons, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete com-

bustion.

Further information Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

**Environmental precautions** Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the envi-

ronment.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on protection against : None known.

fire and explosion

Advice on safe handling For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Store in original container. Conditions for safe storage

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

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kept upright to prevent leakage.
Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sunlight.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Distillates (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified	64742-54-7	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL

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		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-	64742-65-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
dewaxed heavy paraffinic;				
Baseoil — unspecified				
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		(Mist)		
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	0.2 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		

**Engineering measures** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation

should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne

contaminants.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection

Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET** DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40



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#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour : Light amber.

Odour : Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold : No data available

: No data available pН

Pour point -42 °C (-44 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point 229 °C (444 °F)

Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point : 241 °C (466 °F)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated be-

fore ignition will occur.

**Auto-Ignition Temperature** : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper : No data available

flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

flammability limit

Vapour pressure : No data available

Relative vapour density : No data available

Relative density No data available

0.8619 kg/l (15 °C) Density

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Viscosity

: 107.5 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Viscosity, kinematic

15.5 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)

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Explosive properties : Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents and reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

May release COx, H2S, smoke and irritating vapours when

heated to decomposition.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: No data available

#### **Components:**

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci-

fied:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci-

fied:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

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Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity;

Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic; Baseoil — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

# DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40



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#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to microorganisms : Remarks: No data available

#### Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

#### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **IMDG-Code**

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **National Regulations**

**TDG** 

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# DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40



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Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

DSL : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

CA AB OEL : Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table

2: OEL)

CA BC OEL Canada. British Columbia OEL

CA QC OEL : Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safe-

ty, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for air-

borne contaminants

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average
CA AB OEL / TWA : 8-hour Occupational exposure limit
CA AB OEL / STEL : 15-minute occupational exposure limit

CA BC OEL / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

CA QC OEL / TWAEV : Time-weighted average exposure value

CA QC OEL / STEV : Short-term exposure value

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Tem-

# **DURON TM/MC UHP 10W-40**



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perature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

For Copy of SDS : Internet: lubricants.petro-canada.com/sds

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For Product Safety Information: 1 905-491-0565

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

Revision Date : 2021/07/29 Date format : yyyy/mm/dd

The information is considered as correct, but not exhaustive, and will be used only as a guide, which is based in the current knowledge of the substance or mixture, and is applicable to proper safety precautions for the product.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

: DURON TM/MC SAE 30 Product name

Product code DUR3IBC, DUR3P5R, DUR3P20, DUR3DRR, DUR3DRM,

DUR3DCT, DUR3C16, DUR3C12, DUR3, DUR3BLK

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada Lubricants Inc. 2310 Lakeshore Road West Mississauga ON L5J 1K2

Canada

Telephone: 1-905-403-6785

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone num-

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300; ber

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for

emergency number(s).

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use DURON single grade oils are intended for use in diesel and

spark ignition engines according to the specific viscosity grade and performance level for each grade of product. They may also be used for wet clutch and gear type transmissions and hydraulic systems in line with equipment builder specifica-

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-491-0565

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## GHS classification in accordance with the Hazardous Products Regulations

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

## **GHS** label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

# Other hazards

None known.

**IARC** No component of this product present at levels greater than

or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or con-

firmed human carcinogen by IARC.

#### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50,	72623-85-9	50 - 70
hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-		
viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified		



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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-5 hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	50, 72623-87-1	30 - 50
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-3 hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspecified	30, 72623-86-0	10 - 20
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,C bis(sec-Bu and isooctyl) esters, zir salts		1 - 5

Actual concentration or concentration range is withheld as a trade secret

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse. Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: First aider needs to protect himself.

# **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No information available.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod- :

ucts

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), phosphorus oxides (POx), sulphur compounds (H2S), zinc oxides (ZnOx), metal oxides, hydrocarbons,

smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete com-

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bustion.

Further information Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions.

Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to

unauthorized personnel.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the envi-

ronment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Contact the proper local authorities.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on protection against : None known.

fire and explosion

Advice on safe handling For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Store in original container. Conditions for safe storage

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

#### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Components with workplace control parameters

	•			
Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis



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		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
		exposure)	concentration	
Lubricating oils (notroloum)	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)		CA AB OEL
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72023-65-9	TVVA (IVIIST)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu- late matter)		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
		able particu-		
Lubrication sile (natural sums)	70000 05 0	late matter)	E == = /== 2	CA AB OEL
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified	72623-85-9	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
-		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		(Mist)	40 / 0	04.00.05
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist) TWA (Inhal-	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		able particulate matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL



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		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-87-1	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci- fied	72623-86-0	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		STEL (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV (Mist)	5 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		STEV (Mist)	10 mg/m3	CA QC OEL
		TWA (Mist)	1 mg/m3	CA BC OEL
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

**Engineering measures** 

No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : organic vapour filter

Hand protection

Material : neoprene, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R).

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

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Skin and body protection Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-Hygiene measures

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : viscous liquid

Colour amber

Odour Mild petroleum oil like.

Odour Threshold No data available

рΗ No data available

-30 °C (-22 °F) Pour point

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

Flash point 249 °C (480 °F)

Method: Cleveland open cup

Fire Point 265 °C (509 °F)

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability Remarks: Low fire hazard. This material must be heated be-

fore ignition will occur.

**Auto-Ignition Temperature** : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper : No data available

flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

flammability limit

Vapour pressure No data available

Relative vapour density No data available

Relative density No data available

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Density : 0.8754 kg/l (15 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : 91.6 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F)

11.2 cSt (100 °C / 212 °F)

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : No data available

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition

products

May release COx, H2S, methacrylate monomers, smoke and

irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of :

exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

#### Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: No data available

# **Components:**

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based, high-viscosity; Baseoil — unspecified:



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: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg, Acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci-

fied:

: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg, Acute oral toxicity

: LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Acute inhalation toxicity

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg, Acute dermal toxicity

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Baseoil — unspeci-

fied:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure



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No data available

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

Product:

Toxicity to fish : Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other : Remarks: No data available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: Remarks: No data available

: Remarks: No data available Toxicity to microorganisms

#### Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

## Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

# Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

# **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

# International Regulations

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**IMDG-Code** 

Not regulated as a dangerous good



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#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

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nomic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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#### 000003000644

Version 2.0 Revision Date 2017/04/20 Print Date 2017/04/20

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : GASOLINE, UNLEADED

Synonyms : Regular, Unleaded Gasoline (US Grade), Mid-Grade, Plus,

Super, WinterGas, SummerGas, Supreme, SuperClean, SuperClean WinterGas, RegularClean, PlusClean, Premium, marked or dyed gasoline, TQRUL, transitional quality regular unleaded, BOB, Blendstock for Oxygenate Blending, Con-

ventional Gasoline, RUL, MUL, SUL, PUL.

Product code : 100127, 100126, 101823, 100507, 101811, 101814, 100141,

101813, 101810, 101812, 100063, 101822, 100138, 101821, 100064, 101820, 101819, 100506, 101818, 101816, 101817,

100488

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada

P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada

Emergency telephone num-

ber

Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000;

Canutec Transportation: 1-888- 226-8832 (toll-free) or 613-

996-6666;

Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for

emergency number(s).

## Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Unleaded gasoline is used in spark ignition engines including

motor vehicles, inboard and outboard boat engines, small engines such as chain saws and lawn mowers, and recrea-

tional vehicles.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Clear to slightly yellow or green, undyed liquid. May be dyed red for taxation purposes.
Odour	Gasoline

#### **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 1
Skin irritation : Category 2

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Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1A

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

: Category 3 (Central nervous system)

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

: Category 1

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs () through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No

smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.
Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

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for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

plant.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Primary Routes of Entry : Eye contact

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

Target Organs : Blood

Immune system

Inhalation : Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of

consciousness.

Skin : Causes skin irritation.

Eyes : May irritate eyes.

Ingestion : Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomit-

ing and diarrhoea.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause

damage.

Chronic Exposure : Chronic exposure to benzene may result in increased risk of

leukemia and other blood disorders.

Aggravated Medical Condi-

tion

: None known.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Benzene 71-43-2

OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen

Benzene 71-43-2

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NTP Known to be human carcinogen

Benzene 71-43-2

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
gasoline, natural	8006-61-9	95 - 100 %
toluene	108-88-3	1 - 40 %
benzene	71-43-2	0.5 - 1.5 %
ethanol	64-17-5	0.1 - 0.3 %

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

If inhaled : Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Move to fresh air. Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: None known.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing

It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.



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#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water fog. Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

: Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, phenols, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Material can create slippery conditions.

**Environmental precautions** : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

# **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on safe handling For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.



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Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

# Components with workplace control parameters

(Form of		Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
gasoline, natural	8006-61-9	TWA	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	500 ppm 1,500 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		STEL	500 ppm 1,500 mg/m3	CAL PEL
		PEL	300 ppm 900 mg/m3	CAL PEL
toluene	108-88-3	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	200 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		CEIL	300 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		Peak	500 ppm (10 minutes)	OSHA Z-2
		TWA	100 ppm 375 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		PEL	10 ppm 37 mg/m3	CAL PEL
		С	500 ppm	CAL PEL
		STEL	150 ppm 560 mg/m3	CAL PEL
benzene	71-43-2	TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	2.5 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	0.1 ppm	NIOSH REL
		ST	1 ppm	NIOSH REL
		TWA	10 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		CEIL	25 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		Peak	50 ppm (10 minutes)	OSHA Z-2
		PEL	1 ppm	OSHA CARC
		STEL	5 ppm	OSHA CARC

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		PEL	1 ppm	CAL PEL
		STEL	5 ppm	CAL PEL
ethanol	64-17-5	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
		PEL	1,000 ppm 1,900 mg/m3	CAL PEL

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentra-tion	Basis
Toluene	108-88-3	Toluene	In blood	Prior to last shift of work- week	0.02 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
		Toluene	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	0.03 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

**Engineering measures** : Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal

to the work-station location.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust

ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic

vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by airpurifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, airsupplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide ade-

quate protection.

Hand protection Material

: polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for

you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness,

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will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Colour : Clear to slightly yellow or green, undyed liquid. May be dyed

red for taxation purposes.

Odour : Gasoline

Odour Threshold : No data available pH : No data available Pour point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 25 - 225 °C (77 - 437 °F)

Flash point : -50 - -38 °C (-58 - -36 °F)

Method: Tagliabue.

Auto-Ignition Temperature : 257 °C (495 °F)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks,

shocks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing

ignition. May accumulate in confined spaces.

Upper explosion limit : 7.6 %(V)



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Lower explosion limit : 1.3 %(V)

Vapour pressure : < 802.5 mmHg (20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative vapour density : 3

Relative density : 0.685 - 0.8

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Viscosity

Explosive properties : Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or ex-

pose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Containers may explode in heat of fire. Vapours may form explosive mixtures

with air.

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

: Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and interhalogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: May release COx, NOx, phenols, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours

when heated to decomposition.

## **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

# **Acute toxicity**

#### **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: No data available

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: No data available

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Components:

toluene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 5,580 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 7585 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 12,125 mg/kg,

benzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,990 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 13700 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 8,240 mg/kg,

ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 7,060 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 32380 ppm

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

STOT - single exposure

No data available



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## STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Do not re-use empty containers.

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#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

## **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1203
Proper shipping name : Gasoline
Class : 3

Packing group : II

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid

Packing instruction (cargo : 364

aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1203
Proper shipping name : GASOLINE

Class : 3
Packing group : II
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## **National Regulations**

**49 CFR** 

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1203
Proper shipping name : Gasoline

Class : 3 Packing group : II

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid

ERG Code : 128 Marine pollutant : no

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**DSL** On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA All chemical substances in this product are either listed on the

TSCA Inventory or are in compliance with a TSCA Inventory

exemption.

EINECS On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

# **GASOLINE, UNLEADED**



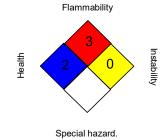
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## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

#### NFPA:



#### HMIS III:

HEALTH	3*
FLAMMABILITY	3
PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION	Н

0 = not significant, 1 = Slight, 2 = Moderate, 3 = High 4 = Extreme, \* = Chronic

For Copy of SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-

1228

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-804-4752

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

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SUNCOR

# **JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL**

## 000003001081

Version 3.0 \_\_\_\_\_ Revision Date 2021/02/19 Print Date 2021/02/19

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL

Synonyms : Jet A-1; Jet A-1-DI; Aviation Turbine Kerosene (ATK); Avia-

tion Turbine Fuel, Kerosene Type (CAN/CGSB 3.23)

Product code : 101851, 100123

Manufacturer or supplier's details

SUNCOR ENERGY INC.

P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada, Telephone: 1-866-786-2671

Emergency telephone num-

ber

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or +1 703-527-3887;

Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing

inhibitor. In the arctic, Jet A-1 may also be used as diesel fuel

(if it contains a lubricity additive) and heating oil.

Prepared by : Product Safety

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# **Emergency Overview**

Appearance	Clear liquid.
Colour	Clear and colourless
Odour	Kerosene-like.

# **GHS Classification**

Flammable liquids : Category 3

Skin irritation : Category 2

Reproductive toxicity : Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

: Category 3 (Central nervous system)

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

#### **GHS** label elements

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# **JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL**

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Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam to extinguish.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal

plant.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Primary Routes of Entry : Eye contact

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact

# JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL



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Aggravated Medical Condi-

tion

: None known.

Other hazards

None known.

ACGIH Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to hu-

mans

Kerosene 8008-20-6

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
Kerosine (petroleum); Straight run kerosine	8008-20-6	90 - 100 %
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	111-77-3	0 - 0.2 %

All above concentrations are in percent by weight.

# **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash clothing before reuse. Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes.

Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physi-

cian or poison control center.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Seek medical advice.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects.

Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatique,

muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomit-

ing and diarrhoea.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quan-

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# **JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL**



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tities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Water fog. Foam

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do NOT use water jet.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Ocor closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

 Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), smoke and irritating vapours as products of

incomplete combustion.

Further information : Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

# **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

: For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Material can create slippery conditions.

Environmental precautions : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Non-sparking tools should be used. Ensure adequate ventilation. Contact the proper local authorities.

## **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

tricity.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Do not ingest.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

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Conditions for safe storage : Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

iaht.

#### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Kerosine (petroleum); Straight run kerosine	8008-20-6	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	CA BC OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	CA AB OEL
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Adequate ventilation to ensure that Occupational Exposure

Limits are not exceeded.

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are proximal

to the work-station location.

# Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Concentration in air determines protection needed.

Use respiratory protection unless adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure assessment demonstrates that exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain

circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by airpurifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, airsupplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide ade-

quate protection.

Hand protection Material

 polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton(R). Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves

should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

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Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concen-

tration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the spe-

cific work-place.

Protective measures : Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, includ-

ing the inside, before re-use.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

handling.

## **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Clear liquid.

Colour : Clear and colourless

Odour : Kerosene-like.

Odour Threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point : -51 °C (-60 °F)

Boiling point/boiling range : 140 - 300 °C (284 - 572 °F)

Decomposition temperature No data available Flash point : > 38 °C (100 °F)

Method: Tagliabue

Auto-Ignition Temperature : 210 °C (410 °F)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks and heat. Va-

pours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in con-

fined spaces.

Upper explosion limit : 5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 0.7 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 5.25 mmHg (20 °C / 68 °F)

Relative vapour density : 4.5

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Relative density : 0.775 - 0.84 (15 °C / 59 °F)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available Partition coefficient: n-: No data available octanol/water

Viscosity

: 1.0 - 1.9 cSt (40 °C / 104 °F) Viscosity, kinematic

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Reactive with oxidising agents, acids and alkalis. Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, acids, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition. products

# **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Indestion Inhalation Skin contact

# **Acute toxicity**

# **Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

: Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria Acute dermal toxicity

are not met.

# Components:

Kerosine (petroleum); Straight run kerosine:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

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Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg,

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

Assessment m

met.

# Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - As- Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

sessment

met.

# Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Assessment

# STOT - single exposure

## Product:

Target Organs: Central nervous system Remarks: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

# Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

No data available

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## **Aspiration toxicity**

#### **Product:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

**Product:** 

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

Persistence and degradability

**Product:** 

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

# **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Do not re-use empty containers.

Contact local or business unit authorities for guidance on dis-

posal of product.



# **JET A/A-1 AVIATION TURBINE FUEL**

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#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **International Regulations**

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : Fuel, aviation, turbine engine

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : Class 3 - Flammable Liquid

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

**IMDG-Code** 

UN number : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : yes

## Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### **National Regulations**

**TDG** 

UN number : UN 1863

Proper shipping name : FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : yes

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**DSL** On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by : Product Safety

Revision Date : 2021/02/19





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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

WHMIS (Pictograms)	WHMIS (Classification)	Protective Clothing	TDG (pictograms)
<b>(b)</b> (7)	B-2, D-2A, D-2B		<b>&amp;</b>

Section 1. Cl	hemical Product and Company Identification		
Product Name	JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Code	W219 SAP: 150, 151, 152
Synonym	Jet B; Jet B DI; JP-4; Jet F-40; NATO F-40; Turbine Fuel, Aviation, Wide Cut Type (CAN/CGSB-3.22).	Validated (	on 2/8/2005.
Manufacturer	PETRO-CANADA P.O. Box 2844 Calgary, Alberta T2P 3E3	In case of Emergency	Petro-Canada:
Material Uses	Used as aviation turbine fuel. May contain a fuel system icing inhibitor.		Poison Control Centre: Consult local telephone directory for emergency number(s).

				Expo	osure Limits (ACGIH)	
	Name	CAS#	% (W/W)	TLV-TWA(8 h)	STEL	CEILING
Complex mixture of po	etroleum hydrocarbons	64741-41-9	>99	Not established	Not established	Not established
Benzene		71-43-2	<0.5	0.5 ppm	2.5 ppm	Not established
Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII) (if added*): Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether		111-77-3	<u>&lt;</u> 0.15	Not established	Not established	Not established
Anti-static, antioxidant, corrosion inhibitor and metal deactivator additives.  * Please note that Jet B DI, JP-4, Jet F-40 and NATO F-40 all contain Fuel System Icing Inhibitor (FSII).corrosion inhibitor		Not applicable	<0.1	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Manufacturer Recommendation	Not applicable	•			•	•
Other Exposure Limits	Consult local, state, provincial or territory authorities for acceptable exposure limits.					

Continu 2	Llazarda	Identification.
Section 3.	mazarus	ideniincalion.

Potential Health Effects Flammable liquid. Exercise caution when handling this material. Skin and eye contact can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapours can cause irritation of the respiratory tract and CNS depression with symptoms of nausea, headaches, vomiting, dizziness, fatigue, light-headedness, reduced coordination, unconciousness and possibly death. Aspiration into the lungs may produce potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, or respiratory failure. May cause cancer. May cause teratogenicity/embryotoxicity. For more information refer to Section 11 of this MSDS.

Eye Contact	Quickly and gently blot or brush away chemical. Immediately flush the contaminated e gently flowing water for 20 minutes or until the chemical is removed, while holding the care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtainmediately.	eyelid(s) open. Take
Skin Contact	Quickly and gently, blot or brush away excess chemical. Wash gently and thoroughly non-abrasive soap for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.	with warm water and
Inhalation	Take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting rescue (e.g. wear a equipment). Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. If breathing is be beneficial if administered by trained personnel, preferably on a doctor's advice. DO NOT allow victim to move about unnecessarily. Immediately transport victim to facility.	difficult, oxygen may
Continued on Next P	age Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Available in French

JET B AVIATION TURI	BINE FUEL	Page Number: 2
Ingestion	NEVER give anything by mouth if victim is rapidly losing consciousness. Have victim rinse mouth thoroughly with water. DO NOT INDUCE VOM mL (8 to 10 oz) of water to dilute material in stomach. If vomiting occurs reduce risk of aspiration. Repeat administration of water.	ITING. Have victim drink 240 to 300
Note to Physician	Not available	

Section 5. Fire-	fighting Measures		
Flammability	Flammable liquid (NFPA).	Flammable Limits	LOWER: 1.3% UPPER: 8% (NFPA)
Flash Points	CLOSED CUP: -31°C (-24°F) (NFPA)	Auto-Ignition Temperature	240°C (464°F) (NFPA)
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. This product can accumulate static charge and ignite. May accumulate in confined spaces.	Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Do not cut, weld, heat, drill or pressurize empty container. Containers may explode in heat of fire.
Products of Combustion	Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), sulphur oxides (SOx), aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours as products of incomplete combustion.		
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	NAERG96, GUIDE 128, Flammable liquids (Non-polar/Water-immiscible). CAUTION: This product has a very low flash point: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.  If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.  SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.  LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or regular foam. Do not use straight streams. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  Fires Involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.  Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting devices or any discolouration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from the ends of tanks. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.		

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

# Material Release or Spill

IN THE EVENT OF A LARGE SPILL CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING CONTROL MEASURES: Consult current National Emergency Response Guide Book (NAERG) for appropriate spill measures if necessary. Evacuate non-essential personnel. Extinguish all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not allow spilled material to enter sewer systems as vapours may accumulate and may cause an explosion/fire hazard. If spilled in a confined space, ensure appropriate confined space entry protocols are followed. Ensure clean-up personnel wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Use appropriate inert absorbent material to absorb spilled product. Do not use paper or other flammable materials to absorb product. Collect used absorbent for later disposal. Avoid breathing vapours or mists of material. Notify appropriate authorities immediately.

Section 7. I	Handling and Storage
Handling	FLAMMABLE MATERIAL. Handle with care. Avoid contact with any sources of ignition, flames, heat, and sparks. Wear proper personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Ensure all equipment is grounded/bonded. Avoid confined spaces and areas with poor ventilation. Avoid inhalation of product vapours or mists. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, or weld empty containers. Do not reuse containers without commercial cleaning and/or reconditioning. Personnel who handle this material should practice good personal hygiene during and after handling to help prevent accidental ingestion of this product.
Storage	Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Store away from incompatible and reactive materials (See section 5 and 10). Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded. Keep container tightly closed. Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

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## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Engineering Controls

For normal application, special ventilation is not necessary. If user's operations generate vapours or mist, use ventilation to keep exposure to airborne contaminants below the exposure limit. Make-up air should always be supplied to balance air removed by exhaust ventilation. Ensure that eyewash station and safety shower are close to work-station.

Personal Protection - The selection of personal protective equipment varies, depending upon conditions of use.

Eyes As a minimum, safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling this material.

Body If this material may come into contact with the body during handling and use, we recommend wearing appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with the skin. (Contact your PPE provider for more information)

Respiratory A NIOSH-approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapour cartridge or canister with a dust, fume of mist filter (R, or P series) may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hands If this material may come in contact with the hands during handling and use, we recommend wearing gloves of the following material(s): neoprene, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), and fluoro-elastomer. Consult your PPE provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns.

Feet Wear appropriate footwear to prevent product from coming in contact with feet and skin.

Section 9. Phy	Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties			
Physical State and Appearance	Clear liquid.	Viscosity	Not available (similar to gasoline)	
Colour	Clear and colourless.	Pour Point	Freezing Point: <-51°C (<-60°F) for Jet B/Jet B DI; <-58°C (<-72°F) for Jet Fuel F-40.	
Odour	Gasoline like.	Softening Point	Not applicable.	
Odour Threshold	Not available	<b>Dropping Point</b>	Not applicable.	
Boiling Point	50 to 270°C (122 to 518°F)	Penetration	Not applicable.	
Density	0.75 to 0.80 kg/L @ 15°C (59°F).	Oil / Water Dist. Coefficient	Not available	
Vapour Density	3.5 (Air = 1)	Ionicity (in water)	Not available	
Vapour Pressure	21 kPa (158 mmHg) @ 37.8°C (100°F).	Dispersion Properties	Not available	
Volatility	Volatile.	Solubility	Insoluble in water. Partially miscible in some alcohols. Miscible in other petroleum solvents.	

Section 10. St	ability and Reactivity		
Corrosivity	Not available		
Stability	The product is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.	Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur under normal working conditions.
Incompatible Substances / Conditions to Avoid	Can react with strong oxidizing agents, uranium hexafluoride, diborane. Incompatible with halogens and halogen compounds.	Decomposition Products	May release COx, NOx, SOx, aldehydes, ketones, smoke and irritating vapours when heated to decomposition.

Section 11. Toxicolo	ogical Information
Routes of Entry	Skin contact, eye contact, inhalation and ingestion.
Acute Lethality	Acute toxicity information is not available for the product as a whole, therefore, data for some of ingredients is provided below:
	Based on toxicity of similar product. Acute oral toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >5000 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >5000 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Continued on Next Page	Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds Available in Fren

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 4
	Benzene Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 930 mg/kg (rat). Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >9400 mg/kg (rabbit). Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): 13200 ppm/4h (rat).
	Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether  Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4140-5180 mg/kg (rat).  Acute dermal toxicity (LD50): >2000 mg/kg (rabbit).  Acute inhalation toxicity (LC50): >50000 mg/m³/4h (rat).
Chronic or Other Toxic Effect Dermal Route:	cts Skin contact can cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may defat and dry skin, and cause dermatitis.
Inhalation Route:	Ingestion of this product may cause Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression, symptoms of which may include; weakness, dizziness, slurred speech, drowsiness, unconsciousness and in cases of severe overexposure; coma and death.
Oral Route:	Ingestion of this product may lead to aspiration of the liquid, especially if vomiting occurs. This may result in chemical pneumonitis (inflammation of the lungs) and/or pulmonary edema (an accumulation of fluid in the lungs).
Eye Irritation/Inflammation:	Short-term exposure is expected to cause only slight irritation, if any.
Immunotoxicity:	Not available
Skin Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause skin sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Respiratory Tract Sensitization:	Contact with this product is not expected to cause respiratory tract sensitization, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components.
Mutagenic:	Benzene is tumorigenic by RTECS criteria.
Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not known to contain any components at >= 0.1% that have been shown to cause reproductive toxicity. Therefore, based upon the available data and the known hazards of the components, this product is not expected to be a reproductive toxin.
Teratogenicity/Embryotoxicity:	This product contains a component(s) at >= 0.1% that has been shown to cause teratogenicity and/or embryotoxicity in laboratory tests. Therefore, this product is considered to be a teratogen/embryotoxin [Diethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether].
Carcinogenicity (ACGIH):	ACGIH A1: confirmed human carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IARC):	IARC Group 1: carcinogenic to Humans. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (NTP):	NTP Group 1: known to be a carcinogen. [Benzene]
Carcinogenicity (IRIS):	EPA/IRIS Class A: human carcinogen.
Carcinogenicity (OSHA):	Benzene is an OSHA known carcinogen.
Other Considerations	No additional remark.

Section 12. Ecological Information					
Environmental Fate	Not available	Persistance/ Bioaccumulation Potential	Not available		
BOD5 and COD	Not available	Products of Biodegradation	Not available		
Additional Remarks	No additional remark.				

Section 13. Disposal Considerations				
Waste Disposal	Spent/ used/ waste product may meet the requirements of a hazardous waste. Consult your local or regional authorities. Ensure that waste management processes are in compliance with government requirements and local disposal regulations.			

Section 14. Transport Information		
TDG Classification FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, 3, UN1863, PGII (CL-TDG)	Special Provisions for Transport	See Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations.

JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL Page Number: 5 Section 15. Regulatory Information Other This product is acceptable for use under the provisions of WHMIS-CPR. All components of this formulation are listed on the CEPA-DSL (Domestic Substances List). Regulations All components of this formulation are listed on the US EPA-TSCA Inventory. All components of this product are on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS). This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. Please contact Product Safety for more information. DSD/DPD (Europe) Not evaluated. HCS (U.S.A.) CLASS: Contains material which may cause cancer CLASS: Flammable liquid having a flash point lower than 37.8°C (100°F). CLASS: Toxic. CLASS: Irritating substance. CLASS: Target organ effects. NOT EVALUATED FOR EUROPEAN TRANSPORT ADR (Europe) DOT (U.S.A) (Pictograms) (Pictograms) NON ÉVALUÉ POUR LE TRANSPORT EUROPÉE **Health Hazard** 2\* Rating 0 Insignificant HMIS (U.S.A.) NFPA (U.S.A.) 3 Fire Hazard 1 Slight 3 Fire Hazard Health 0 Reactivity 2 Moderate 0 Reactivity 3 High Specific hazard **Personal Protection** H 4 Extreme

#### Section 16. Other Information References Available upon request. \* Marque de commerce de Petro-Canada - Trademark Glossarv ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists IRIS - Integrated Risk Information System ADR - Agreement on Dangerous goods by Road (Europe) ASTM - American Society for Testing and Materials LD50/LC50 - Lethal Dose/Concentration kill 50% LDLo/LCLo - Lowest Published Lethal Dose/Concentration BOD5 - Biological Oxygen Demand in 5 days NAERG'96 - North American Emergency Response Guide Book (1996) CAN/CGA B149.2 Propane Installation Code NFPA - National Fire Prevention Association CAS - Chemical Abstract Services NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety & Health NPRI - National Pollutant Release Inventory CEPA - Canadian Environmental Protection Act CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation NSNR - New Substances Notification Regulations (Canada) and Liability Act NTP - National Toxicology Program CFR - Code of Federal Regulations OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration CHIP - Chemicals Hazard Information and Packaging Approved Supply PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit List RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act CNS - Central Nervous System RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances COD5 - Chemical Oxygen Demand in 5 days SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reorganization Act CPR - Controlled Products Regulations SD - Single Dose STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) DOT - Department of Transport DSCL - Dangerous Substances Classification and Labeling (Europe) DSD/DPD - Dangerous Substances or Dangerous Preparations TDG - Transportation Dangerous Goods (Canada) TDLo/TCLo - Lowest Published Toxic Dose/Concentration Directives (Europe) TLm - Median Tolerance Limit DSL - Domestic Substance List TLV-TWA - Threshold Limit Value-Time Weighted Average EEC/EU - European Economic Community/European Union TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical USEPA - United States Environmental Protection Agency Substances USP - United States Pharmacopoeia EPA - Environmental Protection Agency WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Material Information System EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act FDA - Food and Drug Administration FIFRA - Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act HCS - Hazard Communication Standard HMIS - Hazardous Material Information System IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer Prepared by Product Safety - JDW on 2/8/2005. For Copy of MSDS

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JET B AVIATION TURBINE FUEL	Page Number: 6
Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds	Data entry by Product Safety - JDW.
Fuels & Solvents: Western Canada, Ontario & Central Canada, telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-1228	
Quebec & Eastern Canada, telephone: 514-640-8308; fax: 514-640-8385	
For Product Safety Information: (905) 804-4752	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## **PROPANE**



## 000003000646

Version 4.0 Revision Date 2020/12/11 Print Date 2020/12/11

#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name : PROPANE

Synonyms : Propane HD-5, Propane commercial, Liquified Petroleum

Gas (LPG), C3H8, CGSB Propane Grade 1, CGSB Propane Grade 2, odorized propane, stenched propane, automotive

propane, ER62.

Product code : 103176, 103174, 103172, 103153, 103151, 103150, 103149,

103159, 103156, 103147, 100589, 100139

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Petro-Canada

P.O. Box 2844, 150 - 6th Avenue South-West

Calgary Alberta T2P 3E3

Canada

Emergency telephone num-

ber

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (toll free) or +1 703-527-3887;

Suncor Energy: +1 403-296-3000

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Propane is used as a fuel gas, refrigerant and as a raw mate-

rial for organic synthesis. It is also used as a laboratory gas. The grade determines the propane content. It is supplied as

pressurized liquid in tanks.

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **Emergency Overview**

Appearance	Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure., compressed liquefied gas
Colour	colourless
Odour	Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain up to 30 g Ethyl Mercaptan per 1000 L of propane.

### **GHS Classification**

Flammable gases : Category 1

Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas

Simple Asphyxiant : Category 1

## **GHS** label elements

## **PROPANE**



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Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable gas.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention**:

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Response:

Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped

safely.

In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources.

Storage:

Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**Potential Health Effects** 

Primary Routes of Entry : Eye contact

Inhalation Skin contact

Aggravated Medical Condi-

tion

: None known.

Other hazards

None known.

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcino-

gen by ACGIH.

### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

## **Hazardous components**

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration
propane	74-98-6	72 - 100 %
propene	115-07-1	0 - 23.8 %
butane	106-97-8	0 - 4.7 %
ethane	74-84-0	0 - 4.6 %

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isobutane	75-28-5	0 - 3.6 %
isopentane	78-78-4	0 - 1 %
pentane	109-66-0	0 - 0.9 %
but-1-ene	106-98-9	0 - 0.5 %
methane	74-82-8	0 - 0.2 %

All above concentrations are percent by volume.

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary.

Seek medical advice.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized

skin cleanser.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Seek medical advice.

In case of eye contact Remove contact lenses.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

If swallowed

Not a significant route of exposure.

Most important symptoms

and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation may cause central nervous system effects. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness, headache, diz-

ziness and disorientation.

May cause irritation of respiratory tract.

Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frost-

Overexposure may lead to cardiac sensitization.

High concentrations can remove oxygen and cause dizziness

or suffocation.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically.

Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quan-

tities have been ingested or inhaled.

### **SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: No information available.

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: If the product release cannot be shut off safely, allow the

product to burn itself out.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2), smoke and irritating vapours as

products of incomplete combustion.

Further information Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective

wear.

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Wear a positive-pressure supplied-air respirator with full face-

piece.

#### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : For personal protection see section 8.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Remove all sources of ignition.

**Environmental precautions** : If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for

containment and cleaning up

: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Non-sparking tools should be used. Contact the proper local authorities.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

: For personal protection see section 8. Advice on safe handling

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory

equipment.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Avoid breathing gas.

Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static elec-

tricity.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep container closed when not in use.

Do not use sparking tools.

Do not enter areas where used or stored until adequately ven-

tilated.

Conditions for safe storage Store in original container.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage.

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep in properly labelled containers.

To maintain product quality, do not store in heat or direct sun-

light.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Ensure the storage containers are grounded/bonded.

## **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	

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		exposure)	concentration	
propane	74-98-6	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
	7.000	TWAEV	1,000 ppm	CA QC OEL
			1,800 mg/m3	
propene	115-07-1	TWA	500 ppm	CA AB OEL
			860 mg/m3	
		TWA	500 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	500 ppm	ACGIH
butane	106-97-8	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWAEV	800 ppm	CA QC OEL
			1,900 mg/m3	
		TWA	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
ethane	74-84-0	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
isobutane	75-28-5	TWA	1,000 ppm	CA AB OEL
		TWA	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		STEL	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
isopentane	78-78-4	TWA	600 ppm	CA AB OEL
			1,770 mg/m3	
		TWA	1,000 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWA	1,000 ppm	ACGIH
ethanethiol	75-08-1	TWA	0.5 ppm	CA AB OEL
			1.3 mg/m3	
		TWA	0.5 ppm	CA BC OEL
		TWAEV	0.5 ppm	CA QC OEL
			1.3 mg/m3	
		TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Adequate ventilation to ensure that Occupational Exposure

Limits are not exceeded.

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated

exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

Filter type : Always wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing ap-

paratus when handling this material.

Hand protection

Material : Wear insulated gloves to prevent frostbite. Consult your PPE

provider for breakthrough times and the specific glove that is best for you based on your use patterns. It should be realized that eventually any material regardless of their imperviousness, will get permeated by chemicals. Therefore, protective gloves should be regularly checked for wear and tear. At the first signs of hardening and cracks, they should be changed.

Remarks : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an

approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is nec-

essary.

Eye protection : Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

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problems.

Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Protective measures

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear suitable protective equipment.

Hygiene measures

Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : Gas at room temperature; liquid when stored under pressure.,

compressed liquefied gas

handling.

Colour : colourless

Odour : Propane is an odourless gas. Odourized propane will contain

up to 30 g Ethyl Mercaptan per 1000 L of propane.

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after

Odour Threshold : No data available pH : No data available Melting point/freezing point : No data available Boiling point/boiling range : -42 °C (-44 °F)

Decomposition temperature

No data available

Flash point

: -104 °C (-155 °F)

Method: closed cup

Auto-Ignition Temperature : 450 °C (842 °F)

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability : Extremely flammable in presence of open flames, sparks, and

heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to sources of ignition and flash back. Rapid escape of vapour may generate static charge causing ignition.

May accumulate in confined spaces.

Upper explosion limit : 9.5 %(V)

Lower explosion limit : 2.1 %(V)

Vapour pressure : 10,763 mmHg (38 °C / 100 °F)

Relative vapour density : 1.56

Relative density

No data available

Solubility(ies)

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Water solubility : No data available
Partition coefficient: n- : No data available

octanol/water

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac- : Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

tions

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Reactive with oxidising agents and halogenated compounds. Hazardous decomposition : May release COx, smoke and irritating vapours when heated

products to decomposition.

### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Eye contact Inhalation Skin contact

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Acute dermal toxicity : Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria

are not met.

Components:

butane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

isobutane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 658,000 mg/m3

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: gas

isopentane:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 280 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

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pentane:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg,

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 364 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:** 

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

Assessment m

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Carcinogenicity - As- Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

sessment met.

## Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Based on available data, the classification criteria are not

Assessment

### STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT - repeated exposure

### Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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No data available

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

Product:

Toxicity to fish

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to algae

Remarks: No data available

Toxicity to bacteria : Remarks: No data available

#### Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Remarks: No data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed dis-

posal company.

Waste must be classified and labelled prior to recycling or

disposal.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and

national regulations.

Dispose of product residue in accordance with the instructions

of the person responsible for waste disposal.

Contaminated packaging : Contact local or business unit authorities for guidance on dis-

posal of product.

## **PROPANE**



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#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1978
Proper shipping name : Propane
Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : Class 2 - Gases: Flammable (Division 2.1)

Packing instruction (cargo : 200

aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1978 Proper shipping name : PROPANE

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1
EmS Code : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : no

### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

## **National Regulations**

**TDG** 

UN number : UN 1978
Proper shipping name : PROPANE

Class : 2.1

Packing group : Not assigned by regulation

Labels : 2.1 ERG Code : 115 Marine pollutant : no

#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by the HPR.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

**DSL** On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

# **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

For Copy of SDS : Internet: www.petro-canada.ca/msds

Canada-wide: telephone: 1-800-668-0220; fax: 1-800-837-

1228

For Product Safety Information: 1 905-804-4752

## **PROPANE**



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Version 4.0 Revision Date 2020/12/11 Print Date 2020/12/11

Prepared by : Product Safety: +1 905-804-4752

Revision Date : 2020/12/11

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

### 1. MATERIAL AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Material Name : Shell Diamond Drill Rod Grease

Uses : Grease Product Code : 001B1784

Manufacturer/Supplier : Shell Canada Products

400 - 4th Avenue S.W Calgary AB T2P 0J4

Canada

**Telephone** : (+1) 8006611600 **Fax** : (+1) 4033848345

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

: CHEMTREC (24 hr): (+1) 800-424-9300 CANUTEC (24 hr): (+1) 613-996-6666

### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture Description : A lubricating grease containing highly-refined mineral oils and

additives.

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

Refer to Chapter 8 for Occupational Exposure Guidelines.

## 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Health Hazards** 

WHMIS Class/Description : THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED

SUBSTANCE.

**Routes of Exposure** : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. High-pressure injection under the skin may cause serious damage including local necrosis. Used

grease may contain harmful impurities.

Signs and Symptoms : Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and

tissue damage a few hours following injection. Oil

acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.

Safety Hazards : Not classified as flammable but will burn.

**Environmental Hazards** : Not classified as dangerous for the environment.

## Material Safety Data Sheet

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**General Information** Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal

conditions.

Inhalation No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If

symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

**Skin Contact** Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water

and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. Obtain medical attention even in the absence of

apparent wounds.

**Eye Contact** Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent

irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities

are swallowed, however, get medical advice.

Advice to Physician Treat symptomatically. High pressure injection injuries require

prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function. Because entry wounds are small and do not reflect the seriousness of the underlying damage, surgical exploration to determine the extent of involvement may be necessary. Local anaesthetics or hot soaks should be avoided because they can contribute to swelling, vasospasm and ischaemia. Prompt surgical decompression, debridement and evacuation of foreign material should be performed under general anaesthetics, and

wide exploration is essential.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

Flash point > 150 °C / 302 °F

**Upper / lower** Typical 1 - 10 %(V)(based on mineral oil)

Flammability or **Explosion limits** 

Auto ignition temperature **Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products and Specific** 

**Hazards** 

: > 320 °C / 608 °F

: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide. Unidentified organic and inorganic

compounds.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not use water in a jet.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing** 

Media

**Protective Equipment for** 

**Firefighters** 

Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use appropriate containment

to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or

other appropriate barriers.

Clean Up Methods : Shovel into a suitable clearly marked container for disposal or

reclamation in accordance with local regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

General Precautions : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of

vapours, mists or aerosols. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to previous

contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine

appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of

this material.

Handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling

vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment

should be used.

Storage : Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated

place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Store at

ambient temperature.

Recommended Materials : For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high

density polyethylene.

Unsuitable Materials

**Additional Information** : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high

PVC.

temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

If the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) value is provided on this document, it is provided for information only.

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Material	Source	Type	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
Oil mist, mineral	ACGIH	TWA(Inhala ble fraction.)		5 mg/m3	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits within their jurisdiction.

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# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

Additional Information

Due to the product's semi-solid consistency, generation of

mists and dusts is unlikely to occur.

**Exposure Controls** 

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances.

Appropriate measures include: Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations. Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne

recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

concentrations to be generated.

Personal Protective

**Equipment** 

**Respiratory Protection** 

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet

No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for combined particulate/organic gases and vapours [boiling point

>65°C(149 °F)].

**Hand Protection** 

Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

**Eye Protection** 

Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

**Protective Clothing** 

Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.

**Monitoring Methods** 

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

**Environmental Exposure** 

**Controls** 

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local

environmental legislation.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Amber. Semi-solid.

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## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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Odour Slight hydrocarbon.
Odour threshold Data not available
pH Not applicable.
Initial Boiling Point and Data not available

**Boiling Range** 

Dropping point : Typical 196 °C / 385 °F

Vapour pressure : < 0.5 Pa at 20 °C / 68 °F (estimated value(s))

Specific gravity : Typical 0.9 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Density : Typical 900 kg/m3 at 15 °C / 59 °F

Water solubility : Negligible.

n-octanol/water partition : > 6 (based on information on similar products)

coefficient (log Pow)

Kinematic viscosity : Not applicable.

Vapour density (air=1) : > 1 (estimated value(s)) Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1) : Data not available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability : Stable.

**Conditions to Avoid** : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Materials to Avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

Hazardous : Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form

**Decomposition Products** during normal storage.

Hazardous

Polymerisation

Sensitivity to Mechanical

Impact

Sensitivity to Static

**Acute Oral Toxicity** 

Discharge

: No

: No

: No

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products.

**Routes of Exposure** : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure

although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion. Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat.

Acute Dermal Toxicity : Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rabbit.

Acute Inhalation Toxicity : Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal

conditions of use.

**Skin Irritation** : Expected to be slightly irritating. Prolonged or repeated skin

contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin

resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

**Eye Irritation** : Expected to be slightly irritating.

**Respiratory Irritation** : Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation.

**Sensitisation** : Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.

Repeated Dose Toxicity : Not expected to be a hazard.

Mutagenicity : Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

Carcinogenicity : Product contains mineral oils of types shown to be non-

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## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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carcinogenic in animal skin-painting studies. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Other components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic effects.

.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity Additional Information

Not expected to be a hazard.

Used grease may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such harmful impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to

health and the environment on disposal.

ALL used grease should be handled with caution and skin

contact avoided as far as possible.

High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

**Acute Toxicity** : Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic

organisms. Expected to be practically non toxic:LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l(to aquatic organisms)(LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract). Mineral oil is not expected to cause any chronic effects to aquatic organisms at concentrations less than 1 mg/l.

**Mobility** : Semi-solid under most environmental conditions. Floats on

water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not

be mobile.

Persistence/degradability : Expected to be not readily biodegradable. Major constituents

are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

**Bioaccumulation** : Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Other Adverse Effects : Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not

expected to be released to air in any significant quantities. Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical

ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Material Disposal : Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the

waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in

drains or in water courses.

Container Disposal : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to

a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the

#### **Shell Diamond Drill Rod Grease**

Version 1.1

Effective Date 2015-01-13

## **Material Safety Data Sheet**

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

collector or contractor should be established beforehand.

Local Legislation : Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional,

national, and local laws and regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## Canadian Road and Rail Shipping Classification

This product is not regulated under the Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by road and rail.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Class/Description : THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A WHMIS CONTROLLED

SUBSTANCE.

**Inventory Status** 

EINECS : All components

listed or polymer

exempt.

TSCA : All components

listed.

DSL : All components

listed.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

MSDS Version Number : 1.1

MSDS Effective Date : 2015-01-13

MSDS Revisions : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment

from the previous version.

MSDS Regulation : The content and format of this (M)SDS is in accordance with

the Controlled Product Regulations.

MSDS Prepared By : Shell Product Stewardship; 1-800-661-1600

MSDS Distribution : The information in this document should be made available to

all who may handle the product.

Disclaimer : The information contained herein is based on our current

knowledge of the underlying data and is intended to describe the product for the purpose of health, safety and environmental

7/8

Print Date 2015-01-13

# **Shell Diamond Drill Rod Grease**

Version 1.1

Effective Date 2015-01-13

**Material Safety Data Sheet** 

According to the Controlled Product Regulations

requirements only. No warranty or guarantee is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use of the product.



# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015, in compliance with the Hazardous Product Act (HPA, as amended) and the requirements of the Hazardous Product Regulations (HPR).

1. Identification

**Product identifier** 

Product name Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

Product number HVJ

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Hydraulic oil.

**Uses advised against** Avoid the formation of mists.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier AMSOIL INC.

Bordner, Ladner, Gervais Scotia Plaza, 40 King St W Toronto, ON, Canada M5H 3Y4

T: +1 416-367-6547

Manufacturer AMSOIL INC.

One AMSOIL Center, Superior, WI 54880, USA. T: +1 715-392-7101 compliance@amsoil.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC: Within USA and Canada: 1-800-424-9300

Outside the USA and Canada: +1 703-741-5970

(collect calls accepted) 24/7

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA/WHMIS Regulatory

This Product is not Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and

according to the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Product Regulations.

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Not Classified

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Label elements

**Status** 

Hazard statements NC Not Classified

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## **Mixtures**

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

**Composition comments** None of the ingredients are required to be listed.

#### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical

personnel.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.

**Skin Contact** Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms

described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Dryness of mouth and throat.

Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death. Congestion of the lungs may occur, producing

severe shortness of breath.

**Ingestion** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Nausea, vomiting.

Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Unconsciousness. Fumes from

the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

**Skin contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Irritation.

**Eye contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Irritation.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Contains Hydrocarbons. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water

surface.

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

Hazardous combustion products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## Advice for firefighters

# Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

# Special protective equipment for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves, that provides a basic level of protection during chemical incidents is defined by the Canada Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, by provincial guidelines on occupational health and safety or by NFPA standards if applicable.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

#### **Environmental precautions**

## **Environmental precautions**

Immiscible with water. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: Absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

## Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers. Avoid contact with used product.

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

## Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local

regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well

ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

Storage class Chemical storage.

Specific end uses(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

## 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

**Ingredient comments** No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

**Exposure controls** 

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and/or the Canadian regulation on health and safety at work, SOR/86-304, Part XII (12.9), and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

Appearance Liquid.

Color Straw.

Odor Mild hydrocarbon.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point Not available.

**Initial boiling point and range** Not available.

Flash point 252°C Cleveland open cup. [ASTM D 92]

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density 0.8597

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient

Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.

Decomposition Temperature

Not available.

Viscosity 11.2 cSt @ 100°C [ASTM D 445] 68.5 cSt @ 40°C [ASTM D 445]

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidizing properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidizing.

Fire point 270°C Cleveland open cup. [ASTM D 92]

Pour point -41°C [ASTM D 97]

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the

prescribed storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

Materials to avoid Oxidizing agents. Acids - oxidizing.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

## 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

**Toxicological effects** Not regarded as a health hazard under current legislation.

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**IARC carcinogenicity**None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information No specific health hazards known. The severity of the symptoms described will vary

dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Dryness of mouth and throat.

Coughing, chest tightness, feeling of chest pressure. Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death. Congestion of the lungs may occur, producing

severe shortness of breath.

**Ingestion** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation. Nausea, vomiting.

Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Unconsciousness. Fumes from

the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

**Skin Contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Irritation.

**Eye contact** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Redness. Irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

### 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have

hazardous effects on the environment.

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is insoluble in water.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle

products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and

any local authority requirements.

Disposal methods Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal

contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of the

local water authority.

## 14. Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, DOT, TDG).

**UN Number** 

UN No. (International) Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (International)

Not applicable.

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

#### Transport hazard class(es)

## Transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

## Packing group

Packing group (International) Not applicable.

## **Environmental hazards**

**Environmentally Hazardous Substance** 

No.

## Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

**DOT TIH Zone** Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

## 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory References OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200 Hazardous Products Regulation

(SOR/2015-17) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations -SOR/2015-100.

## **US Federal Regulations**

## SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### SARA 313 Emission Reporting

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Zinc alkyldithiophosphate

1.0 %

#### **CAA Accidental Release Prevention**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## FDA - Essential Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### **OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## **US State Regulations**

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

## California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Triphenyl phosphite

## California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

Hydrogenated base oil

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol

## Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## Minnesota "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## New Jersey "Right To Know" List

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

2-Ethylhexan-1-ol

## Inventories

## Canada - DSL/NDSL

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### US - TSCA

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## 16. Other information

# Synthetic Multi-Viscosity Hydraulic Oil ISO-68

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

C.A.S. = Chemical Abstracts Service; E.C. No = European Commission number; GHS = Globally Harmonised System; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration; WHMIS = Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System; DOT = Department of Transport; TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods Regulations; IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IATA = International Air Transport Association; SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental; EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; LD/LC/EC = Lethal Dose, Lethal Concentration/Effect Concentration for 50% of population; NOEC = No Overall Effect Concentration; NOEL = No Overall Effect Level; REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & Restriction of Chemicals; STOT-RE = Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeat Exposure; STOT-SE= Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure; PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic; vPvB = Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision date 8/23/2018

Revision 0

**SDS No.** 7891

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.

Raw linseed oil Page 1 of 6

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Raw linseed oil

SDS according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), Annex II-EU

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Date issued 28.05.2015

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Raw linseed oil

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/preparation Oiling of untreated timber. Component in paints.

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name	Ottosson Färgmakeri AB
Postal address	Lillegårdsvägen 14
Postcode	247 70
City	Genarp
Country	Sweden
Tel	004640482574
Fax	004640482670
E-mail	info@ottossonfarg.com
Website	http://www.ottossonfarg.com
Contact person	Gunnar Ottosson

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Giftinformationscentralen:112

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1. Classification of substance or mixture

CLP Classification, Comments The product is not classified as dangerous.

2.2. Label elements

Other Label Information (CLP) No labelling required.

2.3. Other hazards

PBT / vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB.

Description of hazard Health effect: The product is classified as not hazardous to health.

Fire hazard: No fire or explosion hazard exists.

Wiping rags and cotton waste saturated with linseed oil-based paint can cause spontaneous combustion fires. Before disposal, place soaked materials in fireproof containers and let them dry in a safe place. Alternatively wet

down spilled material with water to avoid auto ignition.

Environmental Hazards: Not expected to present an environmental hazard.

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

SubstanceIdentificationClassificationContentsLinseed oil rawCAS no.: 8001-26-1100 %

EC no.: 232-278-6

Raw linseed oil Page 2 of 6

Substance comments	R-phrases and the importance of the hazard statements are noted in section	
	16.	
	Occupational exposure limits shown in Section 8, if any.	

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	Remove contaminated clothing.
Inhalation	Fresh air and rest.
Skin contact	Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Eye contact	Hold eyelids apart. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. Give a couple of glasses of water provided the victim is fully conscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute symptoms and effects	Inhalation: Not relevant.
	Skin contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may defeat the skin resulting
	in irritation.
	Eye contact: May cause reversible eye irritation.
	Ingestion of large amount of product can cause nausea, vomiting and
	diarrhea.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical monitoring for delayed	The product contains linseed oil which may have a laxative effect on the
effects	gastrointestinal tract. Treatment to prevent dehydration may need to be
	inserted.
Other Information	Symptomatic treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish with foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or water fog.
Improper extinguishing media	Direct water jet.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire and explosion hazards	No fire or explosion hazard exists.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). A thick black smoke may be
	evolved

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protective equipment	Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting and fully protective
	suit.
Other Information	Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk; otherwise,
	cool with carefully applied water spray. Do not allow extinguishing water to
	the surroundings.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

•	
General measures	Provide adequate ventilation. Keep people away from the site. Avoid contact
	with skin, eyes and clothing.
Personal protection measures	Use protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.
Hazardous combustion products	Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

# 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

# 6.1.2. For emergency responders

For emergency responders	For small spills: use protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.

Raw linseed oil Page 3 of 6

For larger emissions: Use chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus.

# 6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautionary Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

measures

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cleaning method Absorb spill with vermiculite or sand, earth or other inert material and

place in sealable containers. Collected product is disposed of as non-

hazardous waste, see section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Other instructions See section 8 for information regarding personal protective equipment.

See section 13 regarding to waste management.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handling Ensure good ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage	Store in a cool dry place in tightly closed packaging in a well ventilated area. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep in original container.
Special risks and properties	Do not store the produkt near heat, sparks or open flames.  Avoid contact with silicon.
Conditions To Avoid	Risk of spontaneous combustion. There is a risk that contaminated cotton waste, rags, etc. prone to spontaneous combustion. Place soaked materials in fireproof containers and let them dry in a safe place. Keep away from oxidizing agents, strong bases and strong acids. Keep away from sources of

# **Conditions for safe storage**

Storage Temperature Value: 5-35 °C

7.3. Specific end use(s)

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

ignition.

# 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Limitation of exposure on workplace Ensure good ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after working.

# Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection Not required with adequate ventilation.

#### Hand protection

Suitable gloves type In case of prolonged or repeated contact with product, use gloves made of:
Nitrile. Neoprene. Replace contaminated gloves.

#### Eye / face protection

Eye protection Use safety goggles or face shield in case of splash risk.

#### Skin protection

Skin protection (except hands) Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### Thermal hazards

Thermal hazards Non flammable product.

#### Appropriate environmental exposure control

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# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Viscous liquid. Colour Tawny. Odour Slight odour. Comments, pH (as supplied) Not determined. Comments, Melting point / melting Not determined. Flash point Value: > 150 °C Flammability (solid, gas) Not relevant. Specific gravity Value: 0,95 g/cm3 Solubility in water Insoluble. Value: > 200 °C Spontaneous combustability Viscosity Value: 75-100 mPas Comments, Viscosity High viscosity. Oxidising properties Oxidizing.

#### 9.2. Other information

# Other physical and chemical properties

Physical and chemical properties VOC: 0 g/l

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Not reactive.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable under normal usage and storage conditions.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There is a risk that contaminated rags prone to spontaneous combustion.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid None.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# **Toxicological Information:**

LD50 oral Value: > 2000 mg/kg
Animal test species: Rat

# Potential acute effects

Inhalation Not relevant.

Skin contact Can defeat the skin, which may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion of large amounts may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Aspiration hazard Viscous product. No risk exists.

# Delayed effects / repeated exposure

Sensitisation Risk does not exist.

# Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or Reprotoxic

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Carcinogenicity	No known carcinogenic properties.
Mutagenicity	No known mutagenic properties.
Teratogenic properties	Teratogenic properties are not known.
Reproductive toxicity	No known reproductive toxicity.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity Low acute toxicity to aquatic organisms.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Linseed oil is readily biodegradable.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to be bioaccumulative.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Viscous product.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT assessment results This product does not contain any PBT or vPvB substances.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Environmental details, summation The product is classified as not dangerous for the environment.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Specify the appropriate methods of disposal	Waste, spills and uncleaned empty packaging are considered as non-hazardous waste. Confirm disposal procedures with environmental engineer and local regulations. Well emptied and drip-free paint cans and dry paintbrushes shall be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility. Used rags, cotton waste etc. should be soaked with water or incinerated to avoid spontaneous combustion.
Product classified as hazardous waste	No
Packaging classified as hazardous waste	No
EWC waste code	EWC: 08 01 12 waste paint and varnish other than those mentioned in 08 01 11 EWC: 20 01 28 paint, inks, adhesives and resins other than those mentioned in 20 01 27

# SECTION 14: Transport information

# 14.1. UN number

Comments Not dangerous goods.

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

# 14.4. Packing group

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	No
RID	No
IMDG	No
IMDG Marine pollutant	No
ICAO/IATA	No

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

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# Additional information.

Additional information. Not covered by these rules.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Legislation and regulations The safety data sheet is prepared in accordance with Annex II of the REACH

Regulation (EU) No.1907/2006. Classification according to the Regulation (EU)

No. 1272/2008 with their respective legislative changes.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment No performed No No No

# SECTION 16: Other information

Version 1

Responsible for safety data sheet Ottosson Färgmakeri AB

# Safety Data Sheet

Issue date: 12<sup>th</sup> October 2016



#### Section

# 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product identifier	Calcium chloride 75-99 % Solid form. This MSDS is valid for all forms of solid calcium chloride (prills, granules, flakes, pellets and powder).
	Chemical name/synonyms	Calcium chloride
	Registration number according to REACH	1. Import qualities: 01-2119494219-28-0001 2. Manufacturing in Kokkola: 01-2119494219-28-0002
	CAS-number	10043-52-4
	EC-number	233-140-8
	Index-number, CLP Annex VI	017-013-00-2
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	See Annex 1 to this MSDS. Most common uses:  Dust suppression, process aid during oil drilling, dehumidifying, road de-icing, food additive, cooling media.  No uses advised against are identified.
1.3	Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
	Supplier/Importer EU	
	Address 1	Intra-Laboratories Unit 5 Devonshire Medows Broadley Park Road Plymouth PL6 7EZ UK
	Telephone number	+44 1752724109
	Fax	N/A
	e-post	admin@intralabs.co.uk
1.4	Emergency telephone number	24 hours service is available at NHS Direct in UK: +44(0)845 46 47 or call 112 or 999, see also www.nhsdirect.nhs.uk
	MSDS issued by	Daniel Mckintosh, Intra-Laboratories, UK, +44 1752724109

# 2: Hazards identification

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- 2.1.1 According to the CLP-constitution EG/1272/2008

  Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Hazard Category 2; H319 Causes serious eye irritation. See also section 15 about the classification.
- 2.1.2 Classification according to DSD 67/548/EEC Xi; R36 Irritating to eyes.
- 2.2 Label elements
- 2.2.1 According to the CLP regulation

GHS hazard pictogram	
Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Safety information	P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
– precautionary	P261 Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray
Safety information – measures	P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Safety information	-
– storage	
Safety information	-
– waste	

For safety phrases in plain text, see section 16.

Other labels:

Content: Calcium Chloride 75-99 %

2.3 Other hazards

The product could cause minor skin irritation and dry skin.

# 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# 3.1 Substances

#### 3.2 Mixtures

EC-no	CAS-no	Reg-no REACH	Name of component	Conc. wt/wt	Classification	Com.
233-140-8	10043-52-4	01- 2119494219- 28	Calcium chloride	75-99 %	CLP: Eye irritation, Category 2; H319 DSD: Xi; R36	
-	10035-04-8		Calcium chlo- ride dihydrate	varying	CLP: Eye irritation, Category 2; H319 DSD: Xi; R36	
-	25094-02-4		Calcium chlo- ride tetrahy- drate	varying	CLP: Eye irritation, Category 2; H319 DSD: Xi; R36	
-	7774-34-7		Calcium chlo- ride hexahy- drate	varying	CLP: Eye irritation, Category 2; DSD: Xi; R36	
215-137-3	1305-62-0		Calcium hydroxide	<1 %	CLP Corrosive Cat 1; H314 DSD; C; R34	WEL

Explanation of abbreviations:

CAS-nr. = Chemical Abstracts Service; EU-nr (Einecs- or Elincsnumber) = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substan-ces or European LIst of Notified Chemical Substances.

Content specified as; %, %wt/wt, %vol/wt, %vol/vol, mg/m³, ppb, ppm, wt%, vol%.

WEL = The product have a workplace exposure limit, PBT = The product is declared since it 's a PBT- or a vPvB-substance.

Comments: In the REACH registration of calcium chloride the different hydrates in the product are regarded as the same substance as anhydrous with reference to the exemption to register hydrates in Annex V of REACH. All forms could be present in the products. Probable Contaminants: Calcium Carbonate, Calcium Oxide, Alkali Metal Chlorides, Alkaline Earth Metal Chlorides. Typical content of calcium hydroxide < 1 %. For risk phrases in plain text, see section 16.

# 4: First aid measures

4.1	Description of first aid measures	
	Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, if breathing is difficult provide oxygen. Keep warm and at rest.  If symptoms persist; Seek medical attention.
	Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash off any skin contamination immediately with plenty of water. Launder clothes before re-use.
	Eye contact	Remove contact lenses if present. Rinse eye thoroughly with eye wash solution or clean water for at least 10 minutes. Eyelids should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Seek medical attention.
	Ingestion	DO NOT induce vomiting.  Wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink (at least 300 ml).  Obtain medical advice if symptoms persist.
4.2	Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	
	Inhalation	Inhalation of aerosols or dust from the product could irritate the respiratory systems. For single exposure no irreversible effect is known
	Skin contact	Could cause moderate skin irritation. The product will not give delayed symptoms.
	Eye contact	Could cause severe irritation of the eye. If the eye is not washed thoroughly, there is a risk of irreversible eye damage.
	Ingestion	Could cause irritation of esophagus and the stomach. The product will probably not give delayed or irreversible damages.
4.3	Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	DO NOT induce vomiting. The product could be strengthened with the hydrogen chloride from the stomach and cause irritation on esophagus or it might irritate the respiratory system.  Wash out mouth with water and give plenty of water to drink (at least 300 ml.) and observe the patient.

# Section

# 5: Firefighting measures

5.1	Extinguishing media a. Recommended Extinguishing media b. Not Recommended Extinguishing media	a. The product is not combustible. Choose extinguishing media depending on surrounding fire.     b. All extinguishing media are allowed; Select the appropriate extinguishing media depending on the surrounding fire.	
5.2	Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Non specific.	
5.3	Advise for firefighters	Depending on surrounding fire	4

# 6: Accidental release measures

6.4	Reference to other sections	For waste measures, see section 13.
6.3.3	Non-recommended measures	Wash the spillage area with large quantities of water.  Do not wash out with water in a sensitive environment.
6.3.2	Recommended cleaning up measures	Clean up contaminations/spillages as soon as they occur. Collect as much as possible in a suitable clean container, preferably for re-use, otherwise for disposal.
6.3.1	Surrounding embankment / sealing	If large releases to a sensitive environment area; Embank with sand or other inert material and collect the material.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
6.2	Environment precautions	Prevent uncontrolled discharges into the environment (rivers, water courses, sewers etc.).  See relevant exposure scenarios covering intended use in the environment like de-icing and dust suppression.
6.1.2	For emergency responders	For personal protection equipment see section 8.
6.1.1	For non-emergency personnel	For personal protection equipment see section 8.
6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	

# Section

# 7: Handling and storage

7.1	Precaution for safe handling	Operate in a well-ventilated area, atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the exposure scenarios and occupational exposure limits.  Avoid inhalation of dusts.  Avoid contact with skin and eyes.  Wash contaminated skin or clothes immediately after contact with the product.  Report any skin problems that may develop.  See section 8 for personal protection and ventilation control measurements.  Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling the product.  Wash hands after finishing working with the product.  See relevant exposure scenario: ES9 Handling of calcium chloride with low dustiness.
7.2	Condition for safe storage, including any incompatibles	Store at a dry place, not above normal room temperature.  Do not store with acids or strong oxidizing or reducing agents.  Avoid excessive ventilation during storage as the product can absorb moisture from the air.  No special exhaust ventilation required. See ES9 Handling of calcium chloride with low dustiness.
7.3	Specific end use(s)	See the different exposure scenarios. None specific identified

# 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

National occupational exposure limits values, EH 40, 2005 with updates

CAS-no	Substance name	WEL	WEL	WEL
		8 h	5 min	15 min
	Dust (inhalable amount of any dust)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
	Respirable dust	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
1305-62-0	Calcium hydroxide	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

WEL=Workplace Exposure Limit

# Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAS-no	Substance name	DNEL	Exposure scenario
		(way of exposure)	Annex
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Worker DNELinhalation - long term 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ES9
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Worker DNELinhalation – short term 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ES9
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Consumer, general population DNELinhalation - long term 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ES10 (not enclosed, see the web page of Tetra Chemicals)
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Consumer, general population DNELinhalation – short term 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ES10 (not enclosed, see the web page of Tetra Chemicals)
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	The DNELdermalacute needs only be derived if an acute toxicity hazard (leading to classification and labelling) has been identified and peak exposures are likely to occur. The available data do not trigger classification for acute systemic dermal toxicity.	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	DNELderma long term effects. DNEL not derived.	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	DNELinhalation long tem systemic effects: No DNEL is derived. No long term effects are expected, also taking into account the recommended daily intake of 1000 mg/kg bw CaCl <sub>2</sub> .	

The ES 1 for Production and ES 10 for consumer uses are not annexes to this ES.

# Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)

CAS-no	Substance name	PNEC	Exposure-scenario
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	(compartment environment)  Deposition onto soil and plants: NE-dep* 150 g/m <sup>2</sup>	Annex 2  If the product is used for de-icing or dust suppression, see ES7 (not enclosed to this MSDS).
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Sensitive terrestrial plants: 215 mg chloride/kg	If the product is used for de-icing or dust suppression, see ES7 (not enclosed to this MSDS).
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	Because the calcium and chloride concentration varies between aquatic ecosystems (0.06-210 mg/L), it is not considered useful to derive a generic PNECwater or PNECmarine (neither added nor intermittent values)	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	No toxicity data on freshwater or marine sediment organisms are available. Calcium chloride is present in the environment as calcium and chloride ions, which implies that it will not adsorb on particulate matter, and it is not considered useful to derive a PNECfreshwater or PNECmarine sediment.	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	No reliable and relevant toxicity data on terrestrial organisms are available. Calcium chloride is present in the environment as calcium and chloride ions, which implies that it will not adsorb on particulate matter, and it is not considered useful to derive a PNECterrestrial.	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	No toxicity tests on the effect of calcium chloride on sewage treatment plant (STP) organisms are available. Because the calcium and chloride concentration varies significantly between aquatic ecosystems, it is not considered useful to derive a generic PNECSTP or PNECSTP-added.	
10043-52-4	Calcium chloride	In view of the nutritional aspects, the metabolism, and the mechanisms of action of calcium and chloride ions, it is not considered useful to derive a PNECoral (secondary poisoning).	

<sup>\*</sup> A tentative "PNEC", a so-called "no-effect-deposition" (NEdep) was derived for the exposure route for deposition of calcium via road salts or dust suppressors. It should be noted, that although the units refer to exposure via air, this value reflects effects caused by CaCl<sub>2</sub> deposited from air into soil or onto a plants' surface

	Biological limit values	None.
	Recommended surveillance procedure	Normally not necessary.  If there is a suspicion that occupational exposure limits or DNEL for inhalation values could be surpassed; Measurements of calcium chloride dust (total dust as worst case) could be done.
8.2	Exposure controls	
8.2.1	Recommended technical control measures	See ES9. Handling of calcium chloride with low dustiness, for appropriate engineering controls and ventilation.  Normally use of calcium chloride, in granule of flake form, does not demand any special exhaust ventilation.
8.2.2	Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protection equip- ment	
	Eye/face protection	See ES 9. Use suitable eye protection if eye contact is likely. Most materials for protective goggles and face visors will probably be suitable e.g. polycarbonate.
	Skin protection i) Hand protection (material, thickness, breakthrough time) ii) Other protection	See ES 9. i) Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contamination is likely. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Suitable glove materials are neoprene (chloroprene) and nitrile rubber. Perme-
		ation time for the material > 0.5 mm is probably 8 hours. The recommended materials are also suitable for normally occurring impurities in calcium chloride.  Contaminated gloves should be carefully rinsed with water before
		reuse.  Non suitable materials: Leather gloves (material decomposition).  ii) Skin and Body Protection:  Normal working clothes are suitable.
	Respiratory protection	Normally not necessary. See ES 9.
8.2.3	Environmental exposure limits	None. See however ES 7 for deposition onto soil and plants if this product is used for de-icing or dust-suppression. ES 7 is not enclosed to this MSDS. See the web page of Tetra Chemicals for the MSDS for Powder calcium chloride.

# 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical propertiesAll data in this section is for anhydrous material if not other specified.

Appearance/Form	Powder/solid
Colour	White; the substance could have small impurities of iron that gives light nuance coloration to the end product depending on the state of oxidation of iron itself (off-white, yellow, pink).
Odour	None
Odour threshold	Not applicable
рН	7-11 in 10 % water solution
Melting point/freezing point	782 °C
Initial boiling point	> 1600 °C
Flash point	Not applicable

Evaporation rate	Not applicable		
Flammability (solid, gas)	The substance is non-flammable.		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Non applicable		
Explosion limits	The substance is non-explosive.		
Vapour pressure	Negligible		
Vapour density	Non applicable		
Relative density	2.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 25 °C 2.15 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 15 °C		
Solubility (water)	745 g/L at 20 °C 1590 g/L at 100 °C		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/ water	Not applicable for an inorganic substance		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable		
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable		
Viscosity	Not applicable for a solid product		
Explosive properties	The substance is non-explosive.		
Oxidizing properties	The substance is non-oxidizing		
Particle size distribution	Typical calcium chloride powder: D10 = 8.2 $\mu$ m (RSD = 35.0%); D50 = 93.2 $\mu$ m (RSD = 12.3%), D90 = 304.2 $\mu$ m (RSD = 2.5%). D10%, D50% and D90% are the respective percentiles of the volume size distribution. RSD = Relative standard deviation		

# Section

# 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1	Reactivity	The substance could react with strong reducing or oxidizing agents.
10.2	Chemical stability	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	Calcium chloride could react violently with some strong reducing and oxidizing agents.
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Strong reducing and oxidizing agents.
10.5	Incompatible materials	Calcium chloride can cause pitting of and corrosion of some grades of stainless steel and under high temperature and stress conditions can promote stress corrosion cracking.
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	None when used according to identified uses.

# 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Calcium chloride is easily dissociated into calcium and chloride ions in water. The absorption, the distribu-tion and the excretion of the ions are regulated separately. Calcium and chloride are essential constituents of the body of all animal species. Calcium is essential for the formation of skeletons and the regulation of neural transmission, muscle contraction and coagulation of the blood. Chloride is required for regulating intracellular osmotic pressure and buffering. Calcium and chloride are both essential nutrients for humans and a daily intake of more than 1000 mg for each of the ions is recommended. As for healthy humans, the tolerable upper intake level for calcium is set at 2500 mg per day (equivalent to 6.9 g CaCl<sub>2</sub> per day) (Standing Committee on the Scientific Evaluation of Dietary Reference Intakes, 1999). For chloride, the reference nutrient intake is set at 2500 mg/day (equivalent to 3.9 g CaCl<sub>2</sub> per day) (Department of Health, UK, 1991). The estimated intake of calcium chloride in a form of food additives (160-345 mg/ day) is considerably smaller than these values. Consistent with this, the establishment of an ADI for calcium chloride has not been deemed necessary by JECFA (Joint FAO/WHO Expert Committee on Food Addi-tives; 1974, 2001). Therefore small amounts of the product are normally not harmful except if in contact with the eye.

#### a) Acute toxicity

#### Short term exposure

Ingestion: Calcium chloride could irritate esophagus and the stomach. LD50: 2301 mg/kg bw (rat male/female). Method OECD 401.

<u>Inhalation:</u> Could cause irritation of mucos membranes of pharinx and throat and unpleasant sensation in mouth already after the first inhalations if high concentrations of dust levels. In accordance with column 2 of REACH Annex VIII, the study of acute inhalation does not need to be conducted, as reliable information on acute toxicity by two other routes of exposure, oral and dermal, is available. See however "Other information" below about experience in humans.

<u>Eye contact</u>: Calcium chloride is classified as irritating to eyes, category 2. The effect is however local and uptake or other systemic toxic effects through eye contact are not expected.

Skin contact: LD50 (dermal) > 5000 mg/kg bw (male/female).

#### Long term exposure:

<u>Ingestion:</u> Taking into account the recommended daily intake of 1000 mg/kg bw CaC no adverse long term exposure is expected if ingested.

<u>Inhalation:</u> Based on the available data and taking into account the toxicokinetics and normal physiologi-cal role of calcium chloride systemic effects are not anticipated after repeated exposure.

<u>Eye contact:</u> No toxic effect is expected except from the irritation properties of calcium chloride. See below about eye irritation.

Skin contact: No toxic systemic effect is expected at long term dermal exposure of calcium chloride. The skin uptake is probably slow and calcium and chloride are normally occurring ions in the body.

#### b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Calcium chloride could give moderate irritation to the skin, especially the anhydrous calcium chloride. Calcium chloride is however not classified as a skin irritant. Not irritating on rabbit according to OECD 404.

Long term effects:

Calcium chloride is not irritating to skin; thus it is not expected to induce local effects by dermal exposure. However all long term exposure with water solution with mild irritants could give atopic dermatitis and skin irritations for sensitive individuals.

#### c) Serious eye damage/irritation

Anhydrous calcium chloride (rabbit): Highly irritating OECD 405. Calcium chloride di- and tetrahydrates (rabbit): Irritating (OECD 405) Calcium chloride hexahydrate (rabbit): Moderately irritating (OECD 405)

The difference in eye irritation between the water free substance and the hydrates could be explained by the reaction when the water free calcium chloride takes up crystal water from the eye. This reaction is exothermic and irritates the eye by drying the lenses and causes injuries when heat is evolved.

Long tem contact with the eye or not washing the eye properly at short time exposure contact could give irreversible damage to the eye.

#### d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Calcium chloride is not a respiratory or skin sensitizer. In accordance with section 1 of REACH Annex XI, testing does not appear scientifically necessary; Calcium chloride is considered not to have any sensitizing properties, based on the physiological role of both its constituent ions, as well as the fact that sensitising effects of both ions have never been reported, despite long-term historical and wide dispersive use (e. g. via food and medication).

#### e) Germ cell mutagenicity

Bacterial reverse mutation assay: Negative for Salmonella. Typhimurium, other: TA92, TA1535, TA100, TA1537, TA94, TA98 (all strains/cell types tested); met. act.: with; cytotoxicity: no, but tested up to limit concentrations. In vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test (chromosome aberration), negative for Chinese hamster lung fibroblasts (V79) (all strains/cell types tested)

All tests for genotoxic properties were negative. Calcium and chloride are normal constituents of the body. The substance is not expected to be genotoxic.

#### f) Carcinogenicity

Calcium chloride is not genotoxic in vivo. Calcium and chloride are both essential nutrients for humans and a daily intake of more than 1000 mg for each of the ions is recommended. Based on this information, it is concluded that the substance is not carcinogenic.

#### g) Reproductive toxicity

Calcium chloride will usually not reach the foetus or the male and female reproductive organs when expo-sed orally, dermally or by inhalation, as it does not become available systemically. An oral developmental study was performed in 3 species (mouse, rat and rabbit). In all three species no maternal or teratogenic effects were noted with calcium chloride, and NOAEL 's were above the highest dose given. Thus calcium chloride is not expected to have any reproductive toxicity.

#### h) STOT-single exposure

Respiratory tract: not irritating.

# i) STOT-repeated exposures

Respiratory tract: not irritating.

#### j) Aspiration hazard

Not relevant for a solid substance.

#### k) Other information

Experience of calcium chloride inhalation in humans (Vinnikov): Sixty five tuberculosis patients (51 males, 14 females; age from below 30 till over 50) were treated with aerosol inhalations of 2-5% aqueous solution of calcium chloride. The number of inhalations varied from below 10 (24 patients), till over 30 (2 patients). Several patients reported irritation of mucos membranes of pharynx and throat and unpleasant sensation in mouth already after the first inhalations. However, the frequency of such cases was described as minor by the authors. Overall calcium chloride inhalations were said to have beneficiary effects on disease symptoms.

# 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Calcium chloride is not classified as hazardous for the environment.

Calcium and chloride are normally occurring ions in the entire ecosystem and release to the environment are not expected to have any long term negative effects. High amounts of chloride ions could however cause local disturbance and damage in a sensitive environment.

#### Acute toxicity

Fish (Pimephales promelas) LC50 (96 h): 4630

mg/L LC50 (48 h): > 6560 mg/L LC50 (24 h): > 6660 mg/L

Method: other: EPA/600/4-90/027, EPA/600/6-91/003

Crustaceans (Daphnia magna) LC50 (48 h): 2400 mg/L based on: mobility (static OECD 202) Algae: Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)

EC50 (72 h): 2900 mg/L based on: biomass EC50 (72 h): > 4000 mg/L based on: growth rate EC20 (72 h): 1000 mg/L based on: biomass OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

algae/cyanobacteria: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (as Selenastrum capricornutum. EC50 (72 h) 2,9 and EC20 1,0 mg/L, OECD guideline 201.

#### Long term toxicity

Fish: No reliable studies are available.

Crustaceans (Daphnia magna): EC50 (21 d): 610 mg/L based on: reproductive impairment EC16 (21 d): 320 mg/L based on: reproductive impairment LC50 (21

d): 920 mg/L based on: mortality

Method not mentioned

Alga: EC10/LC10 or NOEC for freshwater algae: 1000 mg/L

#### Terrestrial organisms

Calcium chloride is dissociated into calcium and chloride ions and chloride ions will not adsorb on particulate matter. The calcium ions may bind to particulate matter or may form stable inorganic salts with sulphate and carbonate ions, but calcium is naturally present in soil. Therefore, exposure or adverse effects of the soil compartment is unlikely.

#### **Plants**

Calcium is well known as an essential nutrient for higher plants and has important roles for cell wall forma-tion, cell division and cell elongation. Chloride is an essential micronutrient for plants and has an important role in regulating osmotic pressure of cells (SIDS, 2002).

However high doses could harm sensitive plants

In one study of Sugar maples (Acer saccharum) were exposed to runoff of sodium chloride and calcium chloride for 6 winters (total treatment of 11.2 tonnes /ha per treatment and 15 treatments per winter at weekly intervals, equalling 11.2  $kg/m^2$  in total and 1.87  $kg/m^2$  in one season).

Results: Damage to roadside vegetation has been reported and is attributed largely to the absorption of salt splashed foliage. Leaves of these maple trees contained 3 to 6 times the chloride concentration compared to a control stand. Damage to the maples varied but could be correlated with the chloride concentration in the leaf.

One field study with spruce tree (Picea sp.) was carried out for ten weeks during a winter season, and a total dose of 1.5 kg/m $^2$  NaCl, CaCl $_2$  or a 75/25 NaCl/CaCl $_2$  mixture. In the presence of calcium chloride the uptake of Cl- in the root was inhibited. Effects of calcium chloride are present but it depends on the amount of accumulated Cl-.

#### Effects on micro-organisms living in wastewater treatment plants

No study is available. Calcium plays crucial roles in strengthening cell walls. Chloride is also an essential micronutrient for bacteria and has important roles in the photosynthesis and osmoregulation. No adverse effect is suspected for micro-organisms living in sewage treatment plants.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

In accordance with column 2 of REACH Annex VII, biodegradability test does not need to be conducted as the substance is inorganic.

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Calcium chloride is easily dissociated into calcium and chloride ions and both ions are essential constitu-ents of the body of all animals. No bioaccumulation or biomagnifications is expected for calcium chloride.

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Calcium chloride is dissociated into calcium and chloride ions and chloride ions will not adsorb on parti-culate matter. The calcium ion may bind to soil particulate or may form stable inorganic salts with sulphate and carbonate ions, but calcium is naturally present in soil.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable for an inorganic substance. According to Annex XIII of the REACH Regulation 1907/2006/EC inorganic substances do not need to be subjected to a PBT assessment.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

None specific.

# 13: Disposal consideration

13.1	Waste treatment methods	Product If recycling or reuse is not practical then the product must be disposed of in accordance with local, state or national regulations. A suitable way of disposal is landfill or controlled emission to a large recipient, with naturally occurring levels of calcium and chloride ions, like the sea. Do not dispose of with acids or strong reducing or oxidizing agents.  Packaging If recycling or reuse is not practical then the packaging material must be disposed of in accordance with local, state or national regulations.  Clean packaging material with water and dispose of the water in accordance with local regulations.  Package materials could be incinerated in a plant with				
	Waste codes (EWC)	Depends on were the waste is generated. Calcium chloride has a wide dispersive use in many areas and all relevant codes could not be given in this MSDS.				
	The product is classified as hazardous waste	No				
	Waste codes (EWC) for the container	15 01 02 (plastic packaging ); 15 01 05 (big bags of composite packaging)				
	A not thoroughly cleaned container is considered dangerous waste	No				
	Other information	See section 8 for personal protection when handling waste from the product.				

#### Section

# 14: Transport information

	General	Not regulated as hazardous goods.
14.1	UN number	-
14.2	UN Proper Shipping Name	-
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	-
14.4	Packing group	-
14.5	Environmental hazards	-
14.6	Special precautions for users	-
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code	-

#### Section

# 15: Regulatory information

- 15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture See EH44 DUST: GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF PROTECTION
- 15.2 Chemical safety assessment
  Chemical safety assessment is performed for calcium chloride according to article 14 in REACH.

# 16: Other information

#### This MSDS is changed in the following sections:

This MSDS is fully revised according to the CLP and REACH regulations and amended in many sections with the result from the chemical safety assessment in the REACH registration. This MSDS supersedes all previous issues.

#### Hazard and Precautionary statements from section 2 and 3 in plain text (CLP):

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Hazard categories from section 2 and 3 in plain text according to DSD 67/548/EEC.

Xi = Irritating

C= Corrosive

#### Risk and Safety phrases from section 2 and 3 in plain text DSD 67/548/EEC:

R34 Causes burns

R36 Irritating to eyes

#### Sources for data in this MSDS

- · Registration dossier according to the REACH regulation
- ESIS (European chemical Substances Information System)
- · Quick Selection Guide to Chemical Protective Clothing, Krister Forsberg
- Vinnikov PL, Slepova RI, Sataev IF (1962). Inhalation of calcium chloride aerosols in complex therapy of pulmonary tuberculosis. Kazan Med Zh., 4, 7-9.
- · OECD SIDS Initial Assessment Report, Oct. 2002. Calcium chloride

#### Other information:

Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures when handling the product.

The precautionary statements are chosen according to the CLP 1272/2008 regulation article 28. The precautionary statements for an Eye Irritant Category 2 are not mandatory and could vary depending on the form of calcium chloride that is put on the market. The registrant does not consider it necessary to use the statement "P264: Wash....thoroughly after handling" and "P338 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing." The full agreed CLP-classification and labelling given in the joint sub-mission in IUCLID section 2.1.

Normally the registrant only uses the following precautionary statements in the labelling (see section 2 of this MSDS):

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P305 + P351 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

The other precautionary statements (P 264 and P338) are communicated in section 4 "First aid measures" and in ES to this extended MSDS.

The safety data sheet is based on the REACH regulation EC 1907/2006 and the regulation EU 453/2010.

Classification according to both the CLP regulation EC 1272/2008 and directive 67/548/EEC. Names in section 3 are given according to harmonised classified substances in Annex VI, CLP regulation EC/1272/2008. See article 18 in the CLP regulation.

# **HALLIBURTON**

# Safety Data Sheet (2001/58/EC)

**Product Trade Name:** QUIK-GEL GOLD<sup>TM</sup>

12-Sep-2007 **Revision Date:** 

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

**COMPANY/UNDERTAKING** 

# **Identification of Substance or Preparation**

**Product Trade Name:** QUIK-GEL GOLDTM

Synonyms: None **Chemical Family:** Mineral **Application:** Viscosifier

**Company Undertaking** 

Halliburton Manufacturing Services, Ltd. Identification Deveron Facility, Howemoss Place

Kirkhill Industrial Estate

Dyce

Aberdeen, AB21 0GS United Kingdom

Emergency Phone Number: +44 1224 795277 or +1 281 575 5000

www.halliburton.com

Chemical Compliance **Prepared By** 

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

# **HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**Risk Phrases** 

None

**Hazard Overview** CAUTION! - ACUTE HEALTH HAZARD

May cause eye and respiratory irritation.

**DANGER! - CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD** 

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product, which has been provided to your employer.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance	CAS	Percent	EINECS	<b>UK WEL</b>	Germany	Netherlands	EEC
	Number		NUMBER:		MAK/TRK	MAC	<u>Classification</u>
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0 - 1%	238-455-4	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,075 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	0 - 1%	239-487-1	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable	0,075 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	238-878-4	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,075 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
Bentonite	1302-78-9	60 - 100%	215-108-5	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

More restrictive exposure limits may be enforced by some states, agencies, or other authorities.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

**Skin** Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

**Ingestion** Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None known

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use Appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

**Measures** 

None known.

Procedure for

Cleaning/Absorption

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate

methods for collection, storage and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling Precautions**This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become

airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below

recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

**Storage Information**Do not reuse empty container. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to

prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Keep from excessive

heat. Product has a shelf life of 12 months

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain

exposures below applicable exposure limits listed in Section 2.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when

using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

**Skin Protection** Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be

laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when

removing or laundering clothing.

**Eye Protection** Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:PowderColour:TanOdour:Mild earthy

pH: 8.5-9.5 (3%)
Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 2.5 - 2.6

Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined **Flash Point Method:** Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m<sup>3</sup>): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapour Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapour Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1):** Not determined. Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Slightly soluble Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C

(centipoise):

VOCs (q/I):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C Not Determined

(centistrokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:Not DeterminedMolecular Weight (g/mole):Not DeterminedDecomposition Temperature (C):Not Determined

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerisation: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Not Determined

Not Determined

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)

Hydrofluoric acid

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or

cristobalite (1470 C).

**Additional Guidelines** Not Applicable

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Principle Route of Exposure** 

Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

**Skin Contact** May cause mechanical injury.

**Eye Contact** May cause eye irritation.

None known Ingestion

**Aggravated Medical Conditions** 

Individuals with respiratory disease, including but not limited to asthma and bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should not be exposed to quartz dust.

**Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity** 

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to <u>IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres</u> (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

"There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Other Information

For further information consult Adverse Effects of Crystalline Silica Exposure" published by the American Thoracic Society Medical Section of the American Lung Association, American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, Volume 155, pages 761-768 (1997)."

#### **Toxicity Tests**

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

**Dermal Toxicity:** Not determined.

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity: Refer to <a href="#">IARC Monograph 68</a>, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June

1997).

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive/Development Not determined

al

**Toxicity:** 

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not Determined

# **Ecotoxicological Information**

Acute Fish Toxicity: TLM96: 10000 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Method**Bury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### **Land Transportation**

**ADR** Not restricted

#### Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA Not restricted

# Sea Transportation

**IMDG** Not restricted

# Other Shipping Information

Labels: None

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**EC Supply labelling** 

Requirements:

This product is not subject to the labelling requirements of EC Directives 67/548/EEC

and 88/379/EEC as amended.

Classification Crystalline silica is not classified as a carcinogen in EU Council Directives

67/548/EEC and 88/379/EEC.

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

**EINECS Inventory** All components are listed on the inventory.

Germany, Water Endangering

Classes (WGK):

WGK 0: Generally not water endangering.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

# The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS:

Not applicable

**Additional Information** For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Product Stewardship at 1-580-251-4335.

**Disclaimer Statement**This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

\*\*\*END OF MSDS\*\*\*

# **HALLIBURTON**

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: EZ-MUD® PLUS

Revision Date: 04-Jan-2011

# 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Trade Name: EZ-MUD® PLUS

Synonyms:NoneChemical Family:BlendApplication:Additive

Manufacturer/Supplier Baroid Fluid Services

Product Service Line of Halliburton

P.O. Box 1675 Houston, TX 77251

Telephone: (281) 871-4000

Emergency Telephone: (281) 575-5000

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

#### 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	ACGIH TLV-TWA	OSHA PEL-TWA
Hydrotreated light petroleum	64742-47-8	10 - 30%	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not applicable
distillate				

#### 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May cause headache, dizziness, and

other central nervous system effects. May be harmful if swallowed.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical attention.

**Skin** Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Remove

contaminated shoes and discard.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point/Range (F): Not DeterminedMin: > 200
Flash Point/Range (C): Not DeterminedMin: > 93

Flash Point Method: PMCC

Autoignition Temperature (F):Not DeterminedAutoignition Temperature (C):Not DeterminedFlammability Limits in Air - Lower (%):Not DeterminedFlammability Limits in Air - Upper (%):Not Determined

Fire Extinguishing Media Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

**Special Exposure Hazards** Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Use water spray to cool fire exposed

surfaces.

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

o Eightors

fire fighting personnel.

Fire-Fighters

NFPA Ratings: Health 2, Flammability 1, Reactivity 0
HMIS Ratings: Health 2, Flammability 1, Reactivity 0

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

**Environmental Precautionary** 

**Measures** 

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

**Absorption** 

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Handling Precautions** Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands after

use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Storage Information** Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use. Product has a

shelf life of 12 months.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls A well ventilated area to control dust levels. Local exhaust ventilation should be used

in areas without good cross ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the

selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by

an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific

application of this product.

**Respiratory Protection** Organic vapor respirator with a dust/mist filter.

Hand Protection Impervious rubber gloves.

**Skin Protection** Rubber apron.

**Eye Protection** Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

**Other Precautions** Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Color:White to grayOdor:Mild hydrocarbonpH:Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.0

Density @ 20 C (lbs./gallon): 8.3

Bulk Density @ 20 C (lbs/ft3): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (F): 347 Boiling Point/Range (C): 175

Freezing Point/Range (F):

Freezing Point/Range (C):

Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg):

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 70
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): < 1

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (lbs./gallon):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistrokes):

Partially soluble

Not Determined

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

**Conditions to Avoid** Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Ammonia. Oxides of nitrogen. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Principle Route of Exposure** Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

**Inhalation** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause central nervous system depression

including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, slowed reaction time,

slurred speech, giddiness and unconsciousness.

**Skin Contact** May cause skin irritation.

**Eye Contact** May cause eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis including coughing,

difficulty breathing, wheezing, coughing up blood and pneumonia, which can be fatal.

May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness, muscular weakness, incoordination, slowed reaction time, fatigue

blurred vision, slurred speech, giddiness, tremors and convulsions.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Lung disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

**Toxicity Tests** 

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

**Dermal Toxicity:** Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

**Developmental Toxicity:** 

# **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not determined

# **Ecotoxicological Information**

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: TLM48: 98 mg/l (Acartia tonsa)

Acute Algae Toxicity: EC50: 16.70 mg/l (Skeletonema costatum)

Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Method** Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

**Contaminated Packaging** Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

# **Land Transportation**

DOT

Not restricted

#### **Canadian TDG**

Not restricted

#### **ADR**

Not restricted

#### Air Transportation

#### ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

# Sea Transportation

**IMDG** 

Not restricted

# Other Shipping Information

Labels: None

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **US Regulations**

**US TSCA Inventory** All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

**EPA SARA Title III Extremely** 

**Hazardous Substances** 

Not applicable

EPA SARA (311,312) Hazard

Class

Acute Health Hazard

EPA SARA (313) Chemicals

This product does not contain a toxic chemical for routine annual "Toxic Chemical

Release Reporting" under Section 313 (40 CFR 372).

EPA CERCLA/Superfund

Reportable Spill Quantity

Not applicable.

**EPA RCRA Hazardous Waste** 

Classification

If product becomes a waste, it does NOT meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as

defined by the US EPA.

**California Proposition 65** All components listed do not apply to the California Proposition 65 Regulation.

MA Right-to-Know Law Does not apply.

NJ Right-to-Know Law Does not apply.

PA Right-to-Know Law Does not apply.

Canadian Regulations

Canadian DSL Inventory All components listed on inventory.

WHMIS Hazard Class D2B Toxic Materials

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS

Not applicable

#### **Additional Information**

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

#### **Disclaimer Statement**

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

\*\*\*END OF MSDS\*\*\*